

Service Manual

HDL High Wall AW-HDL024-N91/AW-YHDL024-H91 7SP023103/7SP62963 R32 English Manual





IMPORTANT NOTE:

Read this manual carefully before installing or operating your new air conditioning unit. Make sure to save this manual for future reference.

20.AW.HDL.24.R32.SM.EN.06.03

Table of Contents

Part : Technical Information	1
1. Summary	1
2. Specifications	
2.1 Specification Sheet	
2.2 Operation Characteristic Curve	
2.3 Capacity Variation Ratio According to Temperature	
2.4 Cooling and Heating Data Sheet in Rated Frequency	
2.5 Noise Curve	
3. Outline Dimension Diagram	
3.1 Indoor Unit	6
3.2 Outdoor Unit	7
4. Refrigerant System Diagram	8
5. Electrical Part	9
5.1 Wiring Diagram	
5.2 PCB Printed Diagram	
6. Function and Control	13
6.1 Remote Controller Introduction of RC08A	
Part II : Installation and Maintenance	26
7. Notes for Installation and Maintenance	26
8. Installation	
8.1 Installation Dimension Diagram	
8.2 Installation Parts-checking	
8.3 Selection of Installation Location	
8.4 Requirements for electric connection	
8.5 Installation of Indoor Unit	
8.6 Installation of Outdoor Unit	35
8.7 Vacuum Pumping and Leak Detection	36
8.8 Check after Installation and Test Operation	

9. Maintenance	
9.1 Malfunction Display of Indoor Unit	
9.2 Procedure of Troubleshooting	
9.3 Troubleshooting for Normal Malfunction	
10. Exploded View and Parts List	60
10.1 Indoor Unit	61
10.2 Outdoor Unit	62
11. Removal Procedure	64
11.1 Removal Procedure of Indoor Unit	64
11.2 Removal Procedure of Outdoor Unit	69

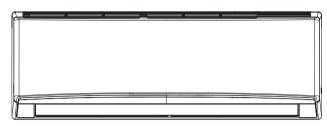
Appendix:	74
Appendix 1: Reference Sheet of Celsius and Fahrenheit	74
Appendix 2: Configuration of Connection Pipe	74
Appendix 3: Pipe Expanding Method	75
Appendix 4: List of Resistance for Temperature Sensor	76

Part | : Technical Information

1. Summary

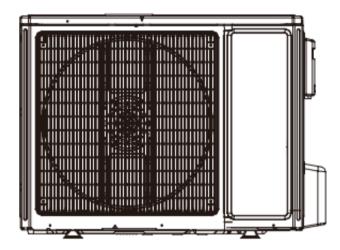
Indoor Unit

AW-HDL024-N91



Outdoor Unit

AW-YHDL024-H91



Remote controller RC08A





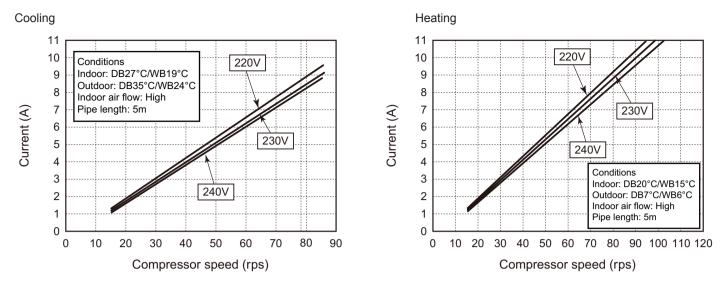
Caution: Risk of fire/flammable material

2. Specifications 2.1 Specification Sheet

	Model of Outdoor Unit		AW-HDL024-N91
	Product Code of Outdoor Unit		7SP023103
	Compressor Manufacturer/Trademark		ZHUHAI LANDA COMPRESSOR CO.,LTD
	Compressor Model		QXF-B141ZF030A
	Compressor Oil		68DA
	Compressor Type		Rotary
	L.R.A.	A	25
	Compressor RLA	A	6.5
		W	1410
	Compressor Power Input Overload Protector	VV	1410 1NT11L-6233/KSD115°C/HPC 115/95
	Throttling Method	°C	Electron expansion valve
	Operation Temp	°C	16~30
	Ambient Temp (Cooling)	-	-15~43
	Ambient Temp (Heating)	°C	-15~24
	Condenser Form		Aluminum Fin-copper Tube
	Pipe Diameter	mm	φ7
	Rows-fin Gap	mm	2-1.4
	Coil Length (LXDXW)	mm	935X38.1X660
	Fan Motor Speed	rpm	780
	Output of Fan Motor	W	60
Outdoor Unit	Fan Motor RLA	A	0.49
	Fan Motor Capacitor	μF	/
	Air Flow Volume of Outdoor Unit	m³/h	3200
	Fan Type		Axial-flow
	Fan Diameter	mm	Φ520
	Defrosting Method		/
	Climate Type		T1
	Isolation		Ι
	Moisture Protection		IPX4
	Permissible Excessive Operating Pressure for the Discharge Side	MPa	4.3
	Permissible Excessive Operating Pressure for the Suction Side	MPa	2.5
	Sound Pressure Level (H/M/L)	dB (A)	57/-/-
	Sound Power Level (H/M/L)	dB (A)	67/-/-
	Dimension (WXHXD)	mm	955X700X396
	Dimension of Carton Box (LXWXH)	mm	1029X750X458
	Dimension of Package (LXWXH)	mm	
	Net Weight	kg	46
	Gross Weight	kg	50.5
	Refrigerant		R32
	Refrigerant Charge	kg	1.3
	Length	m	5
	Gas Additional Charge	g/m	40
Connection	Outer Diameter Liquid Pipe	mm	Ф6
Connection Pipe	Outer Diameter Gas Pipe	mm	Ф16
	Max Distance Height	m	10
	Max Distance Length	m	25
	Note: The connection pipe applies metric d	iameter.	

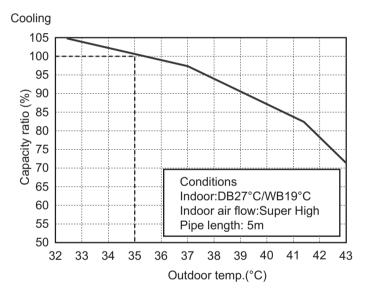
The above data is subject to change without notice; please refer to the nameplate of the unit.

2.2 Operation Characteristic Curve

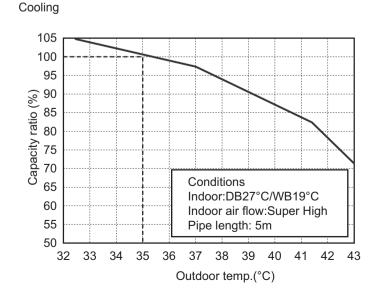


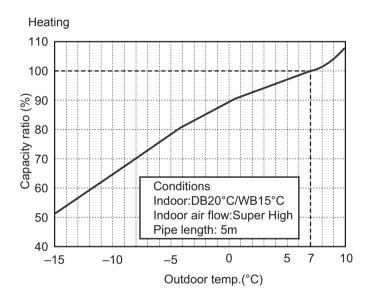
2.3 Capacity Variation Ratio According to Temperature

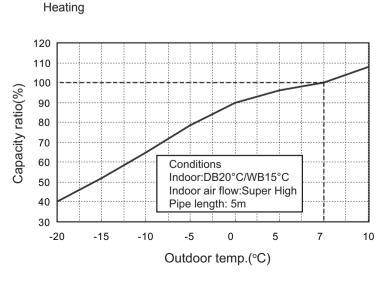
Heating operation ambient temperature range is -15°C~24°C



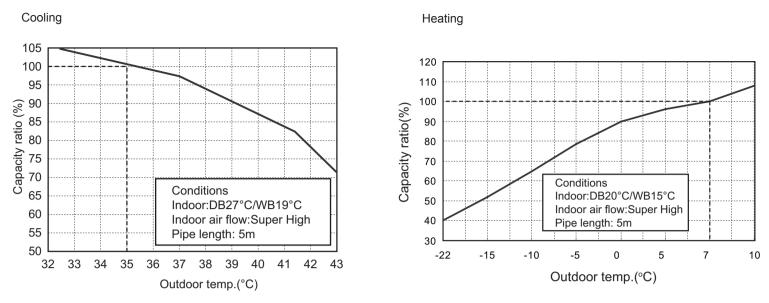
Heating operation ambient temperature range is -20°C~24°C







Heating operation ambient temperature range is -22°C~24°C



2.4 Cooling and Heating Data Sheet in Rated Frequency

Cooling:

	Rated c conditio (DB/	on(°C)	Model	Pressure of gas pipe connecting indoor and outdoor unit	temperatu	outlet pipe ure of heat anger	Fan speed of indoor unit	Fan speed of outdoor unit	Compressor frequency (Hz)	
	Indoor	Outdoor		P (MPa)	T1 (°C)	T2 (°C)			(112)	
Γ	27/19	35/24	18K	0.9 to 1.1	12 to 14	75 to 37	Super High	High	52	
	21/19	55/24	24K	0.9 (0 1.1	12 (0 14	75 10 57	Super High	High	72	

Heating:

	neating on(°C) WB)	Model	Pressure of gas pipe connecting indoor and outdoor unit	temperatu	outlet pipe ire of heat anger	Fan speed of indoor unit	Fan speed of outdoor unit	Compressor frequency (Hz)	
Indoor	Outdoor		P (MPa)	T1 (°C)	T2 (°C)				
20/-	7/6	18K	2.2 to 2.4	70 to 35	2 to 4	Super High	High	65	
20/-	110	24K	2.2 (0 2.4	101035	2 10 4		i iigii	77	

Instruction:

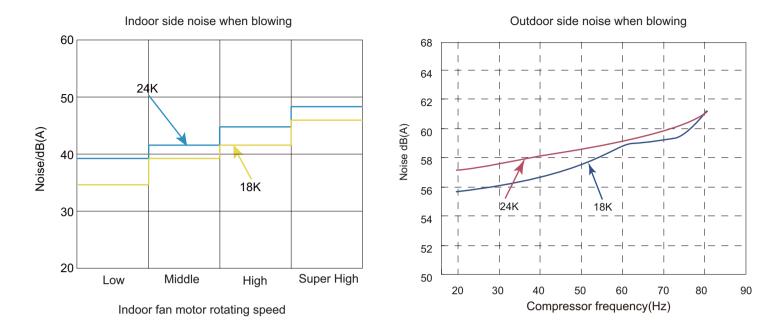
T1: Inlet and outlet pipe temperature of evaporator

T2: Inlet and outlet pipe temperature of condenser

P: Pressure at the side of big valve

Connection pipe length: 5m.

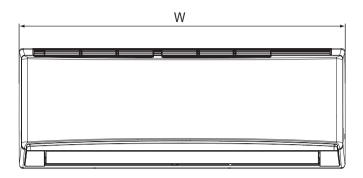
2.5 Noise Curve

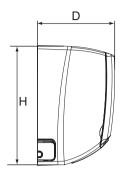


 \bullet

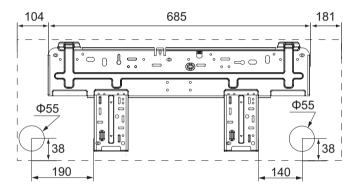
3. Outline Dimension Diagram

3.1 Indoor Unit





AW-HDL024-N91



.

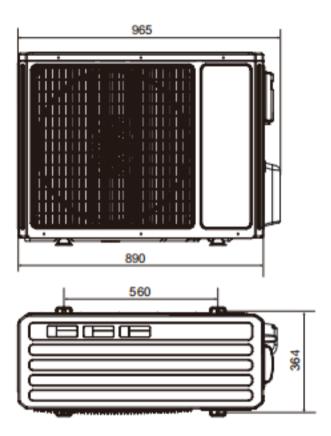
Unit:mm

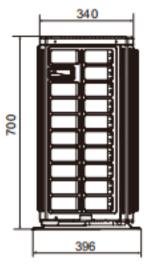
Model	W	Н	D
QD	970	300	225

6

3.2 Outdoor Unit

AW-YHDL024-H91



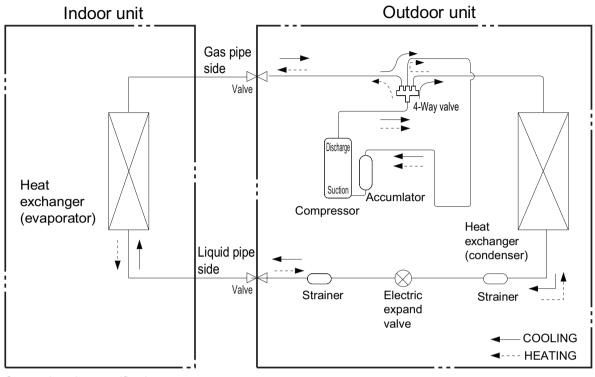


Unit:mm

••••

4. Refrigerant System Diagram

AW-YHDL024-H91



Connection pipe specification: Liquid pipe:1/4" (6mm) Gas pipe:1/2" (12mm) 18K Gas pipe:5/8" (16mm) 24K

5. Electrical Part

5.1 Wiring Diagram

• Instruction

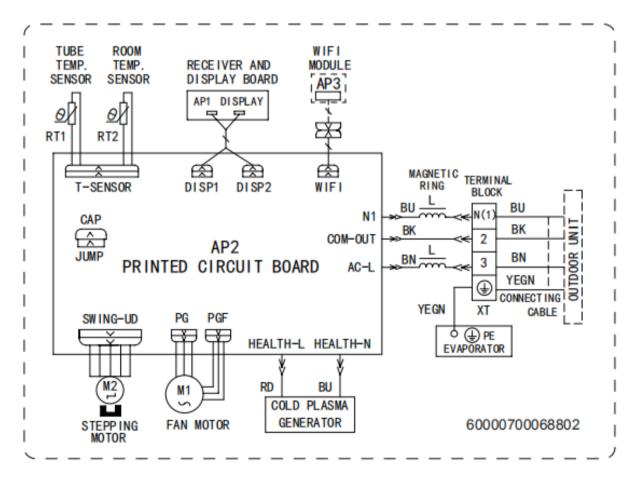
Symbol	Symbol Color	Symbol	Symbol Color	Symbol	Name
WH	White	GN	Green	CAP	Jumper cap
YE	Yellow	BN	Brown	COMP	Compressor
RD	Red	BU	Blue		Grounding wire
YEGN	Yellow/Green	BK	Black	/	/
VT	Violet	OG	Orange	/	/

Note: Jumper cap is used to determine fan speed and the swing angle of horizontal lover for this model.

Indoor Unit

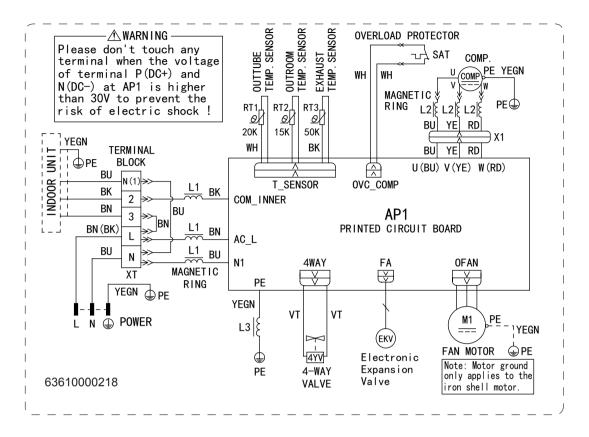
AW-HDL024-N91

. . . .



Outdoor Unit

AW-YHDL024-H91



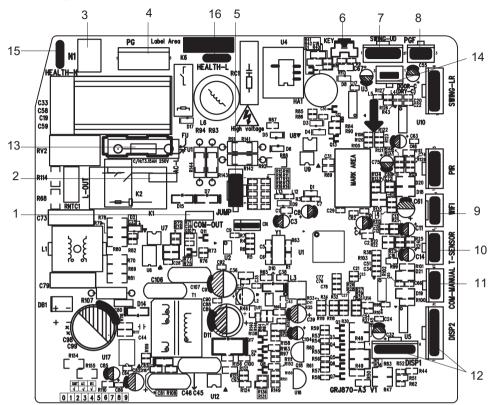
 $\bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet$

10

5.2 PCB Printed Diagram

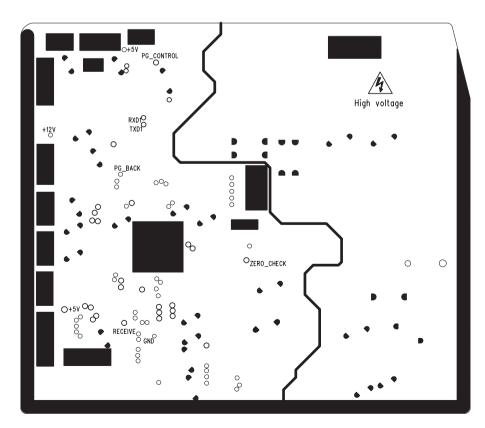
Indoor Unit AW-HDL024-N91

• Top view



No Name Interface of communication wire for 1 indoor unit and outdoor unit 2 Interface of live wire 3 Interface of neutral wire 4 Interface of fan 5 Jumper cap 6 Auto button 7 Up&down swing interface 8 Feedback interface of indoor unit Interface of wifi 9 (only for the mode with this function) 10 Interface of tube temperature sensor Wired controller 11 (only for the mode with this function) 12 Display interface 13 Fuse Interface of gate control 14 (only for the mode with this function) Interface of health function neutral wire 15 (only for the mode with this function) Interface of health function live wire 16 (only for the mode with this function)

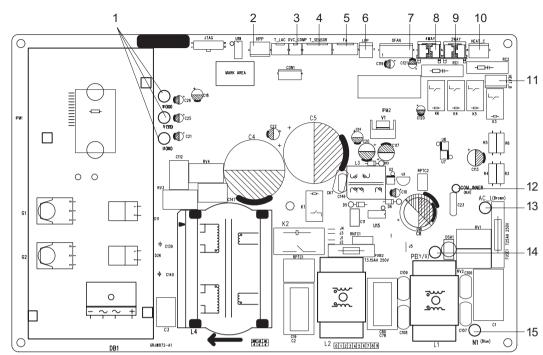
• Bottom view



Outdoor Unit

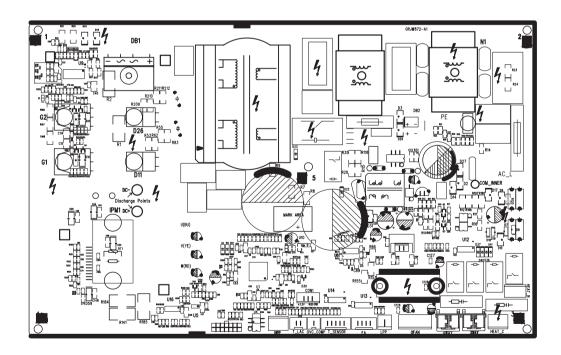
AW-YHDL024-H91

• Top view



No.	Name
1	Compressor three phase input interface
2	Interface of system high pressure protection
3	Compressor overload protection interface
4	Interface of temperature sensor
5	Interface of electronic expansion valve
6	Interface of system low pressure protection
7	Interface of fan
8	4-way valve interface
9	2-way valve interface
10	Interface of electric heating for compressor
11	Interface of electric heating for chassis
12	Communication interface
13	Interface of live wire
14	Interface of earthing wire
15	Interface of netural wire

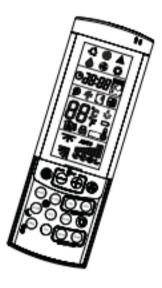
• Bottom view



.

6. Function and Control

6.1 Remote Controller Introduction of RC08A



.

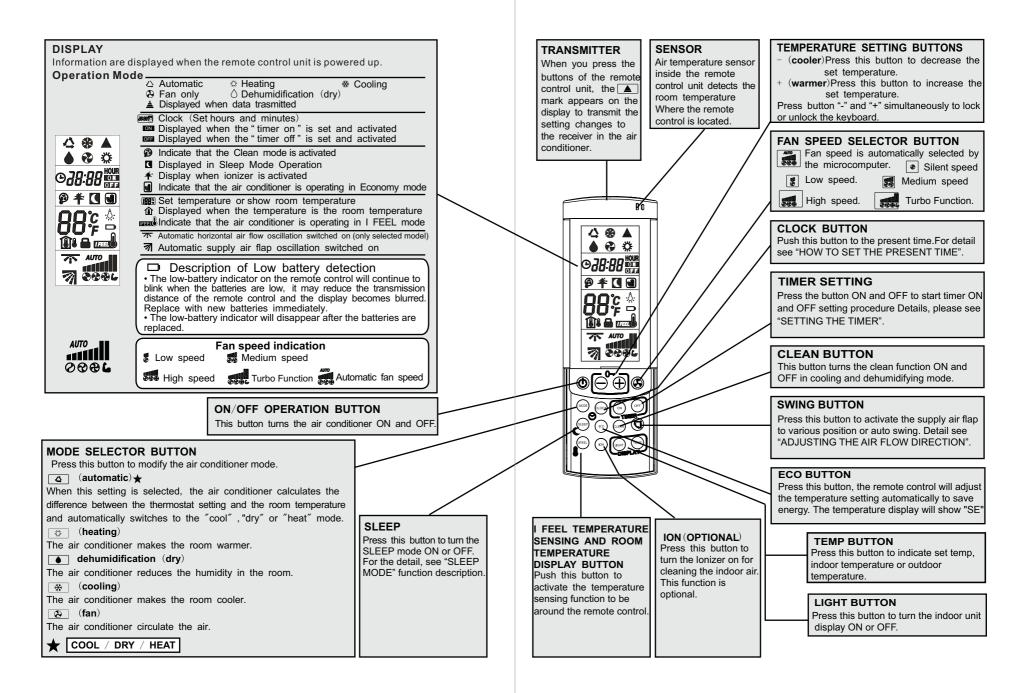
CONTENT

PRECAUTIONS ·

USING THE REMOTE CONTROL UNIT

OPERATION

PRECAUTIONS



USIING THE REMOTE CONTROL UNIT

OPERATION

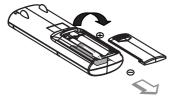
HOW TO INSTALL BATTERIES

- Remove the lid in the rear part of the remote control unit.
- Insert two AAA alkaline batteries of 1, 5 V-DC. Make sure to insert the batteries according to the polarity (+/-) marked in the battery compartment.
- Push the lid back on.



HOW TO REMOVE BATTERIES

- Remove the lid in the rear part.
- Press the battery toward the negative end and lift it out by its positive end as shown.
- Remove the other battery in the same way.



🔴 General Note:

Replace the batteries when the remote control unit display fails to light, when the air conditioner does not receive the remote control unit signals or when the low battery icon is displayed.

Remove the batteries if you do not use the remote control unit for more than one month.

The batteries last about six months, depending on how much you use the remote control unit.

The batteries of the remote control contain polluted substances Exhausted batteries must be disposed according to local laws.

TEMPERATURE SENSOR SELECTOR

- Under normal conditions the room temperature is detected and checked by the temperature sensor placed in the air conditioner.
- Press the remote control I FEEL button to activate the temperature sensor placed in the remote control. This function is designed to provide a personalised environment by transmitting the temperature control command from the location next to you. Therefore, in using this function, the remote control should always be aimed, without obstruction, at the air conditioner.

OPERATION WITH THE REMOTE CONTROL UNIT

Check that the circuit breaker on the power panel is turned ON and the STANDBY lamp is light up.

When using the remote control unit, always point the unit transmitter head directly at the air conditioner receiver.

HOW TO TURN ON THE AIR CONDITIONER

Press the ON/OFF () button to turn the air conditioner on. The indicator OPERATION will light up, indicating the unit is in operation.

HOW TO SET THE PRESENT TIME

Press the CLOCK button. The time indication alone flashes.
 Press the + or - buttons until the present time is displayed.
 Press the CLOCK button to stop the indication flashing.

OPERATION

COOLING

Verify that the unit is connected to the main power and the STANDBY lamp is lighted up. 1. Set the MODE selector to COOL *.

2. Press the ON/OFF () button and switch the airconditioner ON.

3. Press the - or +. buttons to set the desired temperature The temperature range is between 16° C and 30° C (61-86 F).

4. Press the FAN SPEED button to select the fan



HEATING

3℃

speed.

1. Set the MODE selector to HEAT .

2. Press the ON/OFF ((1)) button and switch the air condioner ON.

THE DISPLAY SHOWS THE

SELECTED TEMPERATURE ..

3. Press the + or -. buttons to set the desired temperature, the temperature range is between 16 $^\circ\!C$ and 30 $^\circ\!C$ (61-86F).

4. Press the FAN SPEED button to select the fan speed.

3.c

THE DISPLAY SHOWS THE SELECTED TEMPERATURE..

NOTE

For several minutes after the start of heating operation, the indoor fan will not run until the indoor heat exchanger coil has warmed up sufficiently. This is because the COLD DRAFT PREVENTION SYSTEM is operating.

• DEFROSTING OF HEAT EXCHANGE / OUTDOOR UNIT "STANDBY"

When the outdoor temperature is low, frost or ice may appear on the heat exchanger coil, reducing the heating performance. When this happens, a microcomputer defrosting system operates. At the same time, the fan in the indoor unit stops until defrosting is completed. Heating operation restarts after several minutes. (This interval will vary slightly depending on the room and outdoor temperature).

• HEATING PERFORMANCE

A heat pump air conditioner heats a room by taking heat from outside air. The heating efficiency will reduce when the outdoor temperature is very low.

AUTOMATIC OPERATION

- 1. Set the MODE selector to AUTO
- 2. Press the ON/OFF (()) button and switch the air conditioner ON.
- 3. Press the + or -. buttons to set the desired temperature (The temperature range is between 16 $^\circ\!C$ and 30 $^\circ\!C$ (61-86F).



THE DISPLAY SHOWS THE SELECTED TEMPERATURE.

When this setting is selected, the air conditioner calculates the difference between the thermostat setting and the room temperature and automatically switches to the COOL, DRY or HEAT mode as appropriate.

4. Switch the FAN SPEED selector button to the setting you want.

OPERATION

DEHUMIDIFYING (DRY)

1. Set the MODE selector switch to "DRY" \fbox .

Press the ON/OFF () button and switch the air condioner ON.
 Press the + or - buttons to set the desired temperature (Adjustable temperature range is 16°C and 30°C(61-86F)).



THE DISPLAY SHOWS THE SELECTED TEMPERATURE.

NOTE

• Use DRY operation when you want to reduce the humidity in the room.

• Once the room temperature reaches the set level, the unit repeats the cycle of turning on and off automatically

- During DRY operation, the fan speed is automatically set to low or stops to prevent overcooling .
- Dry operation is not possible if the indoor temperature is 15 °C or less.

FAN ONLY

If you want to make air circulate without any temperature control, follow these steps:

1. Set the MODE selector switch to "FAN" (2).

2. Press the ON/OFF (()) button and switch the air conditioner ON.

ADJUSTING THE FAN SPEED

• AUTOMATIC

Simply set the FAN SPEED selector to the AUTO position . A microcomputer automatically controls the fan speed when the AUTO mode is selected. When the air conditioner starts operating, the difference between the room temperature and the set temperature is detected by the microcomputer which then automatically switches the fan speed to the most suitable level.

• MANUAL

If you want to manually adjust speed just set the FAN SPEED selector as desired. Each time the button is pressed, the fan speed is changed in sequence:





• TURBO FUNCTION

In Cool or Heat Mode, if start the turbo function, the unit will run at super-high fan speed to cool or heat quickly to approach the set temperature.

SLEEP MODE

The SLEEP mode enables you to save energy.1. Set the MODE selector to cool, dry or heat.2. Press the SLEEP button.

3. The **Second** mark appears on the display. Press the SLEEP button again to release the SLEEP function.

What does the SLEEP mode mean? I In this mode, the air conditioner will cool or heat the room to the set temperature. After about 1 hour, the air conditioner will automatically reset the set temperature as follows (also refer to graphs).

OPERATING MODE	SET TEMPERATURE CHANGE
Heating	Lowered by 1 ° C
Cooling and Dehumidifying	Raised by 1 ° C

OPERATION

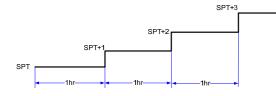
00

-Ô.

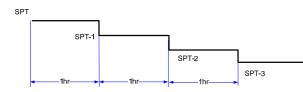
\\ \$ ▲

چ 😌 🌢

In cooling mode or dehumidifying mode, 1 hour after the sleep curve is set, the setting temperature will rise by 1 degree C, 2 hours later, the setting temperature will rise by 2 degree C. After 3 hours, the setting temperature will not change any more.



In heating mode, 1 hour after the sleep curve is set, the setting temperature will decrease by 1 degree C 2 hours later, the setting temperature will decrease by 2 degree C. After 3 hours, the setting temperature will not change any more.



FEEL/ROOM TE MP FUNCTION OPERATION

Press button I FEEL to activate the I FEEL function. Thermometer sign will appear on the LCD operation display .Select suitable temperature setting. Make sure that the remote control unit is aimed at the air conditioner. Prevent the I FEEL sensor from being affected by heat sources such as lamps, heaters, direct sun, etc. or from being directly affected by the air conditioner air flow. These may cause the sensor to transmit the wrong temperature data, thereby disturbing the performance of the I FEEL function.

LOCK FUNCTION

By pressing - and + bottoms simultaneously to lock the last operation program. All the function buttons will be inoperative, including POWER button. By pressing both buttons again the remote control will be released from its locked position.

SETTING THE TIMER

The timer can be selected by pressing TIMER ON button. The daily timers can be set for ON and OFF separately for two different time periods. Timer setting will not change until new setting is input.

A) HOW TO SET THE ON TIME

- 1. Press the TIMER ON button to select the desired timer.
- 2. Press the TIMER ON button till the ON sign blinks.
- 3. Press the + or button until the desired value is displayed.
- 4. Press the TIMER ON button to activate the timer.





B) HOW TO SET THE OFF TIME

- 1. Press the TIMER OFF button to select the desired timer.
- 2. Press the TIMER OFF buttons till the OFF sign blinks.
- 3. Press the + or button until the desired value is displayed.
- 4. Press the TIMER OFF button to activate the timer.



OPERATION

C) HOW TO SET A PROGRAM FOR DAILY ON/OFF OPERATION

1. Press the TIMER OFF button to select the desired timer.

- 2. Press the TIMER OFF button till the ON sign blinks.
- 3. Press the + or button until the desired value is displayed.
- 4. Press the TIMER OFF button again, the OFF sign blinks.
- 5. Press the + or button until the desired value is displayed.
- 6. Press the TIMER OFF button to activate the timer.

ADJUSTING THE AIR FLOW DIRECTION

Press () button to activate the supply aire flap to auto swing, if you push this button again, the flap stops immediately.

Press and CLEAN button together to activate the horizontal louver. If you push them together again to stop it immediately.(Only for selected models)



Set vertical vanes to the front position during COOLING/DRY operation if humidity is high.

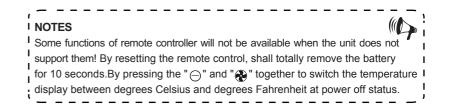
If the vertical vanes are set to the left-most or right-most position, condensation may form around the air outlet and drip off.



Do not move the flap with your hands when the air conditioner is running.

⚠́ Caution

Use the () button on the remote control to adjust the position of the flap. If you move the flap by hand, the factual flap position and the flap position on the remote control may no longer match. If this should happen, shut off the unit, wait for the flap to close, and then turn on the unit again; the flap position will now be normal again.



Part || : Installation and Maintenance

7. Notes for Installation and Maintenance

Safety Precautions: Important!

Please read the safety precautions carefully before installation and maintenance.

The following contents are very important for installation and maintenance.

Please follow the instructions below.

•The installation or maintenance must accord with the instructions.

•Comply with all national electrical codes and local electrical codes.

•Pay attention to the warnings and cautions in this manual.

•All installation and maintenance shall be performed by distributor or qualified person.

•All electric work must be performed by a licensed technician according to local regulations and the instructions given in this manual.

•Be caution during installation and maintenance. Prohibit incorrect operation to prevent electric shock, casualty and other accidents.



Electrical Safety Precautions:

1. Cut off the power supply of air conditioner before checking and maintenance.

2. The air condition must apply specialized circuit and prohibit share the same circuit with other appliances.

3. The air conditioner should be installed in suitable location and ensure the power plug is touchable.

4. Make sure each wiring terminal is connected firmly during installation and maintenance.

5. Have the unit adequately grounded. The grounding wire Can't be used for other purposes.

6. Must apply protective accessories such as protective boards, cable-cross loop and wire clip.

7. The live wire, neutral wire and grounding wire of power supply must be corresponding to the live wire, neutral wire and grounding wire of the air conditioner.

8. The power cord and power connection wires Can't be pressed by hard objects.

9. If power cord or connection wire is broken, it must be replaced by a qualified person.

10. If the power cord or connection wire is not long enough, please get the specialized power cord or connection wire from the manufacture or distributor. Prohibit prolong the wire by yourself.

11. For the air conditioner without plug, an air switch must be installed in the circuit. The air switch should be all-pole parting and the contact parting distance should be more than 3mm.

12. Make sure all wires and pipes are connected properly and the valves are opened before energizing.

13. Check if there is electric leakage on the unit body. If yes, please eliminate the electric leakage.

14. Replace the fuse with a new one of the same specification if it is burnt down; dont replace it with a cooper wire or conducting wire.

15. If the unit is to be installed in a humid place, the circuit breaker must be installed.

Installation Safety Precautions:

1. Select the installation location according to the requirement of this manual.(See the requirements in installation part)

2. Handle unit transportation with care; the unit should not be carried by only one person if it is more than 20kg.

3. When installing the indoor unit and outdoor unit, a sufficient fixing bolt must be installed; make sure the installation support is firm.

4. Ware safety belt if the height of working is above 2m.

5. Use equipped components or appointed components during installation.

6. Make sure no foreign objects are left in the unit after finishing installation.

Refrigerant Safety Precautions:

1. Avoid contact between refrigerant and fire as it generates poisonous gas; Prohibit prolong the connection pipe by welding.

2. Apply specified refrigerant only. Never have it mixed with any other refrigerant. Never have air remain in the refrigerant line as it may lead to rupture or other hazards.

3. Make sure no refrigerant gas is leaking out when installation is completed.

4. If there is refrigerant leakage, please take sufficient measure to minimize the density of refrigerant.

5. Never touch the refrigerant piping or compressor without wearing glove to avoid scald or frostbite.

Improper installation may lead to fire hazard, explosion, electric shock or injury.

Safety Precautions for Installing and Relocating the Unit:

To ensure safety, please be mindful of the following precautions.

Warnings

1. When installing or relocating the unit, be sure to keep the refrigerant circuit free from air or substances other than the specified refrigerant.

Any presence of air or other foreign substance in the refrigerant circuit will cause system pressure rise or compressor rupture, resulting in injury.

2. When installing or moving this unit, do not charge the refrigerant which is not comply with that on the nameplate or unqualified refrigerant.

Otherwise, it may cause abnormal operation, wrong action, mechanical malfunction or even series safety accident.

3.When refrigerant needs to be recovered during relocating or repairing the unit, be sure that the unit is running in cooling mode.Then, fully close the valve at high pressure side (liquid valve).About 30-40 seconds later, fully close the valve at low pressure side (gas valve), immediately stop the unit and disconnect power. Please note that the time for refrigerant recovery should not exceed 1 minute.

If refrigerant recovery takes too much time, air may be sucked in and cause pressure rise or compressor rupture, resulting in injury. 4.During refrigerant recovery, make sure that liquid valve and gas valve are fully closed and power is disconnected before

detaching the connection pipe.

If compressor starts running when stop valve is open and connection pipe is not yet connected, air will be sucked in and cause pressure rise or compressor rupture, resulting in injury.

5.When installing the unit, make sure that connection pipe is securely connected before the compressor starts running. If compressor starts running when stop valve is open and connection pipe is not yet connected, air will be sucked in and cause pressure rise or compressor rupture, resulting in injury.

6.Prohibit installing the unit at the place where there may be leaked corrosive gas or flammable gas.

If there leaked gas around the unit, it may cause explosion and other accidents.

7.Do not use extension cords for electrical connections. If the electric wire is not long enough, please contact a local service center authorized and ask for a proper electric wire.

Poor connections may lead to electric shock or fire.

8.Use the specified types of wires for electrical connections between the indoor and outdoor units. Firmly clamp the wires so that their terminals receive no external stresses.

Electric wires with insufficient capacity, wrong wire connections and insecure wire terminals may cause electric shock or fire.

Safety Precautions for Refrigerant

•To realize the function of the air conditioner unit, a special refrigerant circulates in the system. The used refrigerant is the fluoride R32, which is specially cleaned. The refrigerant is flammable and inodorous. Furthermore, it can leads to explosion under certain conditions. But the flammability of the refrigerant is very low. It can be ignited only by fire.

•Compared to common refrigerants, R32 is a nonpolluting refrigerant with no harm to the ozonosphere. The influence upon the greenhouse effect is also lower. R32 has got very good thermodynamic features which lead to a really high energy efficiency. The units therefore need a less filling.

WARNING:

•Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting process or to clean, other than those recommended by the manufacture. Should repair be necessary,contact your nearest authorized Service Centre. Any repairs carried out by unqualified personnel may be dangerous. The appliance shall be stored in a room without continuously operating ignition sources. (for example:open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater.)

Do not pierce or burn.

•Appliance shall be installed, operated and stored in a room with a floor area larger than Xm².(Please refer to table "a" in section of "Safety Operation of Inflammable Refrigerant" for Space X.)

•Appliance filled with flammable gas R32. For repairs, strictly follow manufacturers instructions only.Be aware that refrigrants not contain odour.

•Read specialists manual.









Safety Operation of Flammable Refrigerant

Qualification requirement for installation and maintenance man

•All the work men who are engaging in the refrigeration system should bear the valid certification awarded by the authoritative organization and the qualification for dealing with the refrigeration system recognized by this industry. If it needs other technician to maintain and repair the appliance, they should be supervised by the person who bears the qualification for using the flammable refrigerant.

•It can only be repaired by the method suggested by the equipments manufacturer.

Installation notes

•The air conditioner is not allowed to use in a room that has running fire (such as fire source,working coal gas ware, operating heater).

•It is not allowed to drill hole or burn the connection pipe.

- •The air conditioner must be installed in a room that is larger than the minimum room area.
- The minimum room area is shown on the nameplate or following table a.

•Leak test is a must after installation.

table a - Minimum room area(m²)

	Charge amount (kg)	≤1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.5
Minimum	floor location	4	14.5	16.8	19.3	22	24.8	27.8	31	34.3	37.8	41.5	45.4	49.4	53.6
	window mounted	4	5.2	6.1	7	7.9	8.9	10	11.2	12.4	13.6	15	16.3	17.8	19.3
area(m ⁻)	wall mounted	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4.2	4.6	5	5.5	6
	ceiling mounted	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4

Maintenance notes

•Check whether the maintenance area or the room area meet the requirement of the nameplate.

- Its only allowed to be operated in the rooms that meet the requirement of the nameplate.

•Check whether the maintenance area is well-ventilated.

- The continuous ventilation status should be kept during the operation process.

•Check whether there is fire source or potential fire source in the maintenance area.

- The naked flame is prohibited in the maintenance area; and the "no smoking" warning board should be hanged.

•Check whether the appliance mark is in good condition.

- Replace the vague or damaged warning mark.

Welding

•If you should cut or weld the refrigerant system pipes in the process of maintaining, please follow the steps as below:

- a. Shut down the unit and cut power supply
- b. Eliminate the refrigerant
- c. Vacuuming
- d. Clean it with N₂ gas

e. Cutting or welding

f. Carry back to the service spot for welding

•Make sure that there isnt any naked flame near the outlet of the vacuum pump and its well-ventilated.

•The refrigerant should be recycled into the specialized storage tank.

Filling the refrigerant

•Use the refrigerant filling appliances specialized for R32. Make sure that different kinds of refrigerant wont contaminate with each other.

•The refrigerant tank should be kept upright at the time of filling refrigerant.

•Stick the label on the system after filling is finished (or havent finished).

•Dont overfilling.

•After filling is finished, please do the leakage detection before test running; another time of leak detection should be done when its removed.

Safety instructions for transportation and storage

•Please use the flammable gas detector to check before unload and open the container.

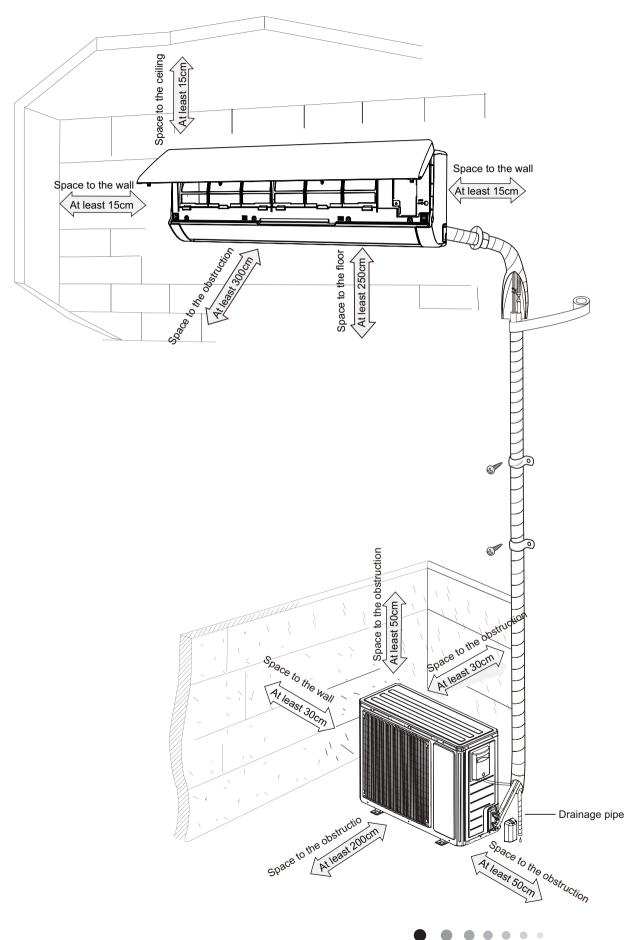
- •No fire source and smoking.
- •According to the local rules and laws.

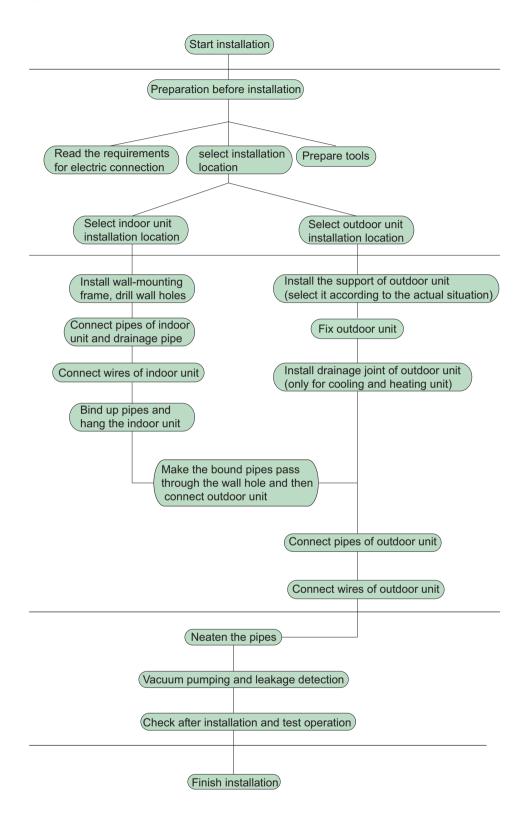
Main Tools for Installation and Maintenance

1. Level meter, measuring tape	2. Screw driver	3. Impact drill, drill head, electric drill
an and a second an		
4. Electroprobe	5. Universal meter	6. Torque wrench, open-end wrench, inner hexagon spanner
7. Electronic leakage detector	8. Vacuum pump	9. Pressure meter
10. Pipe pliers, pipe cutter	11. Pipe expander, pipe bender	12. Soldering appliance, refrigerant container

8. Installation

8.1 Installation Dimension Diagram





Note: this flow is only for reference; please find the more detailed installation steps in this section.

.

8.2 Installation Parts-checking

No.	Name	No.	Name
1	Indoor unit	8	Sealing gum
2	Outdoor unit	9	Wrapping tape
3	Connection pipe	10	Support of outdoor
3			unit
4	Drainage pipe	11	Fixing screw
5	Wall-mounting	12	Drainage plug(cooling
5	frame	12	and heating unit)
6	Connecting	13	Owners manual,
0	cable(power cord)		remote controller
7	Wall pipe		

<u>∧ Note:</u>

1.Please contact the local agent for installation.

2.Dont use unqualified power cord.

8.3 Selection of Installation Location

1. Basic Requirement:

Installing the unit in the following places may cause

malfunction. If it is unavoidable, please consult the local dealer: (1) The place with strong heat sources, vapors, flammable or explosive gas, or volatile objects spread in the air.

(2) The place with high-frequency devices (such as welding machine, medical equipment).

(3) The place near coast area.

(4) The place with oil or fumes in the air.

(5) The place with sulfureted gas.

(6) Other places with special circumstances.

(7) The appliance shall nost be installed in the laundry.

(8) It's not allowed to be installed on the unstable or motive base structure (such as truck) or in the corrosive environment (such as chemical factory).

2. Indoor Unit:

(1) There should be no obstruction near air inlet and air outlet.

(2) Select a location where the condensation water can be dispersed easily andwont affect other people.

(3) Select a location which is convenient to connect the outdoor unit and near the power socket.

(4) Select a location which is out of reach for children.

(5) The location should be able to withstand the weight of indoor unit and wont increase noise and vibration.

(6) The appliance must be installed 2.5m above floor.

(7) Dont install the indoor unit right above the electric appliance.

(8) Please try your best to keep way from fluorescent lamp.

3. Outdoor Unit:

(1) Select a location where the noise and outflow air emitted by the outdoor unit will not affect neighborhood.

(2) The location should be well ventilated and dry, in which the outdoor unit wont be exposed directly to sunlight or strong wind.

(3) The location should be able to withstand the weight of outdoor unit.

(4) Make sure that the installation follows the requirement of installation dimension diagram.

(5) Select a location which is out of reach for children and far away from animals or plants. If it is unavoidable, please add fence for safety purpose.

8.4 Requirements for electric connection

1. Safety Precaution

(1) Must follow the electric safety regulations when installing the unit.

(2) According to the local safety regulations, use qualified power supply circuit and air switch.

(3) Make sure the power supply matches with the requirement of air conditioner. Unstable power supply or incorrect wiring may result in electric shock,fire hazard or malfunction. Please install proper power supply cables before using the air conditioner.

Air-conditioner	Air switch capacity
24K	16A

(4) Properly connect the live wire, neutral wire and grounding wire of power socket.

(5) Be sure to cut off the power supply before proceeding any work related to electricity and safety.

(6) Do not put through the power before finishing installation.

(7) If the supply cord is damaged, it must be replaced by the manufacturer, its service agent or similarly qualified persons in order to avoid a hazard.

(8) The temperature of refrigerant circuit will be high, please keep the interconnection cable away from the copper tube.

(9) The appliance shall be installed in accordance with national wiring regulations.

(10) Appliance shall be installed, operated and stored in a room with a floor area larger than 4m.



Please notice that the unit is filled with flammable gas R32. Inappropriate treatment of the unit involves the risk of severe damages of people and material. Details to this refrigerant are found in chapter "refrigerant".

2. Grounding Requirement:

(1) The air conditioner is first class electric appliance. It must be properly grounding with specialized grounding device by a professional. Please make sure it is always grounded effectively, otherwise it may cause electric shock.

(2) The yellow-green wire in air conditioner is grounding wire, which Can't be used for other purposes.

(3) The grounding resistance should comply with national electric safety regulations.

(4) The appliance must be positioned so that the plug is accessible.

(5) An all-pole disconnection switch having a contact separation of at least 3mm in all poles should be connected in fixed wiring.(6) Including an air switch with suitable capacity, please note the following table. Air switch should be included magnet buckle and heating buckle function, it can protect the circuit-short and overload. (Caution: please do not use the fuse only for protect the circuit)

8.5 Installation of Indoor Unit

1. Choosing Installation location

Recommend the installation location to the client and then confirm it with the client.

2. Install Wall-mounting Frame

(1) Hang the wall-mounting frame on the wall; adjust it in horizontal position with the level meter and then point out the

Service Manual

screw fixing holes on the wall.

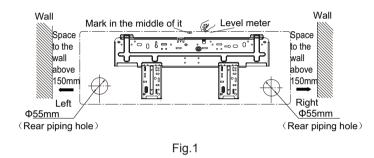
(2) Drill the screw fixing holes on the wall with impact drill (the specification of drill head should be the same as the plastic expansion particle) and then fill the plastic expansion particles in the holes.

(3) Fix the wall-mounting frame on the wall with tapping screws (ST4.2X25TA) and then check if the frame is firmly installed by pulling the frame. If the plastic expansion particle is loose, please drill another fixing hole nearby.

3. Install Wall-mounting Frame

(1) Choose the position of piping hole according to the direction of outlet pipe. The position of piping hole should be a little lower than the wall-mounted frame.(As show in Fig.1)

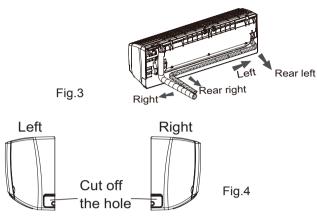
AW-HDL024-N91



4. Outlet Pipe

(1) The pipe can be led out in the direction of right, rear right, left or rear left.(As show in Fig.3)

(2) When selecting leading out the pipe from left or right, please cut off the corresponding hole on the bottom case.(As show in Fig.4)



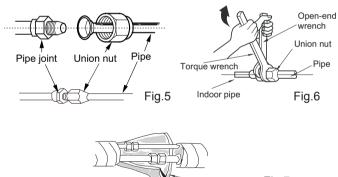
5. Connect the Pipe of Indoor Unit

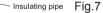
(1) Aim the pipe joint at the corresponding bellmouth.(As show in Fig.5)

(2) Pretightening the union nut with hand.

(3) Adjust the torque force by referring to the following sheet. Place the open-end wrench on the pipe joint and place the torque wrench on the union nut. Tighten the union nut with torque wrench.(As show in Fig.6)

(4) Wrap the indoor pipe and joint of connection pipe with insulating pipe, and then wrap it with tape.(As show in Fig.7)





Refer to the following table for wrench moment of force:

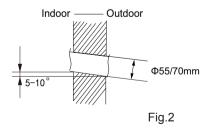
Hex nut diameter(mm)	Tightening torque(N·m)	
Ф6	15~20	
Ф9.52	30~40	
Φ12	45~55	
Φ16	60~65	
Ф19	70~75	

6. Install Drain Hose

(1) Connect the drain hose to the outlet pipe of indoor unit.(As show in Fig.8)

(2) Bind the joint with tape.(As show in Fig.9)

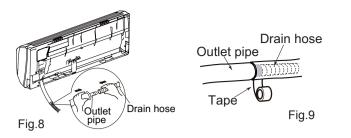
(2) Open a piping hole with the diameter of Φ 55(70)mm on the selected outlet pipe position.In order to drain smoothly, slant the piping hole on the wall slightly downward to the outdoor side with the gradient of 5-10°.(As show in Fig.2)



▲ Note:

(1) Pay attention to dust prevention and take relevant safety measures when opening the hole.

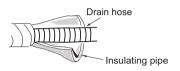
(2) The plastic expansion particles are not provided and should be bought locally.



▲ Note:

(1) Add insulating pipe in the indoor drain hose in order to prevent condensation.

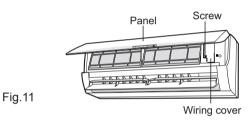
(2) The plastic expansion particles are not provided. (As show in Fig.10)



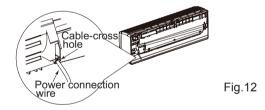
7. Connect Wire of Indoor Unit

(1) Open the panel, remove the screw on the wiring cover and then take down the cover.(As show in Fig.11)

Fig.10



(2) Make the power connection wire go through the cable-cross hole at the back of indoor unit and then pull it out from the front side.(As show in Fig.12)



(3) Remove the wire clip; connect the power connection wire to the wiring terminal according to the color; tighten the screw and then fix the power connection wire with wire clip.(As show in Fig.13)

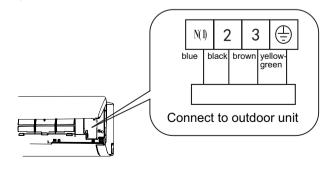
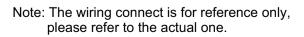


Fig.13



(4) Put wiring cover back and then tighten the screw.(5) Close the panel.

▲ Note:

(1) All wires of indoor unit and outdoor unit should be connected by a professional.

(2) If the length of power connection wire is insufficient, please contact the supplier for a new one. Avoid extending the wire by yourself.

(3) For the air conditioner with plug, the plug should be reachable after finishing installation.

(4) For the air conditioner without plug, an air switch must be installed in the line. The air switch should be all-pole parting and the contact parting distance should be more than 3mm.

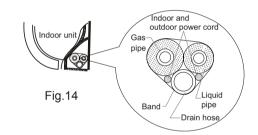
8. Bind up Pipe

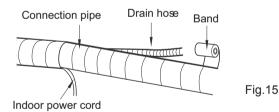
(1) Bind up the connection pipe, power cord and drain hose with the band.(As show in Fig.14)

(2) Reserve a certain length of drain hose and power cord for installation when binding them. When binding to a certain degree, separate the indoor power and then separate the drain hose.(As show in Fig.15)

(3) Bind them evenly.

(4) The liquid pipe and gas pipe should be bound separately at the end.





▲ Note:

(1) The power cord and control wire Can't be crossed or winding.

(2) The drain hose should be bound at the bottom.

9. Hang the Indoor Unit

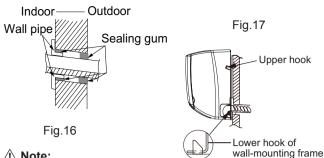
(1) Put the bound pipes in the wall pipe and then make them pass through the wall hole.

(2) Hang the indoor unit on the wall-mounting frame.

(3) Stuff the gap between pipes and wall hole with sealing gum.

(4) Fix the wall pipe.(As show in Fig.16)

(5) Check if the indoor unit is installed firmly and closed to the wall.(As show in Fig.17)



∧ Note:

Do not bend the drain hose too excessively in order to prevent blockina.

8.6 Installation of Outdoor Unit

1. Fix the Support of Outdoor Unit(Select it according to the actual installation situation)

(1) Select installation location according to the house structure. (2) Fix the support of outdoor unit on the selected location with expansion screws.

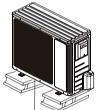
∧ Note:

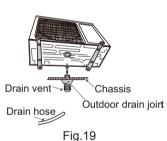
(1) Take sufficient protective measures when installing the outdoor unit.

(2) Make sure the support can withstand at least four times the unit weight.

(3) The outdoor unit should be installed at least 3cm above the floor in order to install drain joint.(As show in Fig.18)

(4) For the unit with cooling capacity of 2300W~5000W, 6 expansion screws are needed; for the unit with cooling capacity of 6000W~8000W, 8 expansion screws are needed; for the unit with cooling capacity of 10000W~16000W, 10 expansion screws are needed.





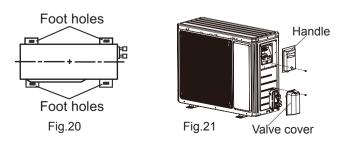
At least 3cm above the floor Fia.18

2. Install Drain Joint(Only for cooling and heating unit)

- (1) Connect the outdoor drain joint into the hole on the chassis. (2) Connect the drain hose into the drain vent.
- (As show in Fig.19)

3. Fix Outdoor Unit

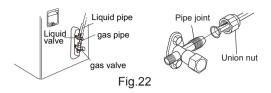
- (1) Place the outdoor unit on the support.
- (2) Fix the foot holes of outdoor unit with bolts. (As show in Fig.20)



4. Connect Indoor and Outdoor Pipes

(1) Remove the screw on the handle and valve cover of outdoor unit and then remove the handle and valve cover.(As show in Fig.21)

(2) Remove the screw cap of valve and aim the pipe joint at the bellmouth of pipe.(As show in Fig.22)



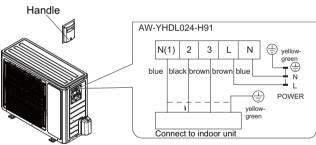
- (3) Pretightening the union nut with hand.
- (4) Tighten the union nut with torque wrench.

Refer to the following table for wrench moment of force:

Hex nut diameter(mm)	Tightening torque(N·m)	
Ф6	15~20	
Φ9.52	30~40	
Φ12	45~55	
Φ16	60~65	
Ф19	70~75	

5. Connect Outdoor Electric Wire

(1) Remove the wire clip; connect the power connection wire and power card to the wiring terminal according to the color; fix them with screws.(As show in Fi .23



Note: the wiring connect is for reference only, please refer to the actual one.

(2) Fix the power connection wire with wire clip.

∧ Note:

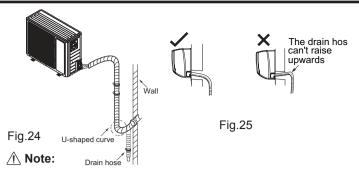
(1) After tightening the screw, pull the power cord slightly to check if it is firm.

(2) Never cut the power connection wire to prolong or shorten the distance.

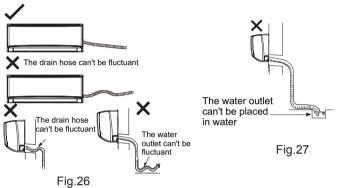
6. Neaten the Pipes

(1) The pipes should be placed along the wall, bent reasonably and hidden possibly. Min. semidiameter of bending the pipe is 10cm.

(2) If the outdoor unit is higher than the wall hole, you must set a U-shaped curve in the pipe before pipe goes into the room, in order to prevent rain from getting into the room.(As show in Fig.24)



(1) The through-wall height of drain hose shouldnt be higher than the outlet pipe hole of indoor unit.(As show in Fig.25)
(2) Slant the drain hose slightly downwards. The drain hose Can't be curved, raised and fluctuant, etc.(As show in Fig.26)
(3) The water outlet Can't be placed in water in order to drain smoothly.(As show in Fig.27)



8.7 Vacuum Pumping and Leak Detection

1. Use Vacuum Pump

(1) Remove the valve caps on the liquid valve and gas valve and the nut of refrigerant charging vent.

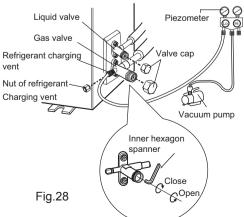
(2) Connect the charging hose of piezometer to the refrigerant charging vent of gas valve and then connect the other charging hose to the vacuum pump.

(3) Open the piezometer completely and operate for 10-15min to check if the pressure of piezometer remains in -0.1MPa.

(4) Close the vacuum pump and maintain this status for 1-2min to check if the pressure of piezometer remains in -0.1MPa. If the pressure decreases, there may be leakage.

(5) Remove the piezometer, open the valve core of liquid valve and gas valve completely with inner hexagon spanner.

(6) Tighten the screw caps of valves and refrigerant charging vent.(As show in Fig.28)



2. Leakage Detection

(1) With leakage detector:

Check if there is leakage with leakage detector.

(2) With soap water:

If leakage detector is not available, please use soap water for leakage detection. Apply soap water at the suspected position and keep the soap water for more than 3min. If there are air bubbles coming out of this position, theres a leakage.

8.8 Check after Installation and Test Operation

1. Check after Installation

Check according to the following requirement after finishing installation.

NO.	Items to be checked	Possible malfunction	
	Has the unit been	The unit may drop, shake or	
1	installed firmly?	emit noise.	
2	Have you done the	It may cause insufficient cooling	
	refrigerant leakage test?	(heating) capacity.	
3	Is heat insulation of	It may cause condensation and	
	pipeline sufficient?	water dripping.	
4	Is water drained well?	It may cause condensation and water dripping.	
	Is the voltage of power		
5	supply according to the	It may cause malfunction or damage the parts.	
	voltage marked on the		
	nameplate?		
6	Is electric wiring and	It may cause malfunction or damage the parts.	
	pipeline installed		
	correctly?		
7	Is the unit grounded securely?	It may cause electric leakage.	
	Does the power cord	It may cause malfunction or	
8	follow the specification?	damage the parts.	
	Is there any obstruction	It may cause insufficient cooling	
9	in air inlet and air outlet?	(heating) capacity.	
	The dust and		
10	sundries caused	It may cause malfunction or damaging the parts.	
10	during installation are		
	removed?		
11	The gas valve and liquid	It may cause insufficient cooling (heating) capacity.	
	valve of connection pipe		
	are open completely?		
12	Is the inlet and outlet of	It may cause insufficient cooling	
	piping hole	(heating) capacity or waster	
	been covered?	eletricity.	

2. Test Operation

(1) Preparation of test operation

- The client approves the air conditioner installation.
- Specify the important notes for air conditioner to the client.

(2) Method of test operation

• Put through the power, press ON/OFF button on the remote controller to start operation.

• Press MODE button to select AUTO, COOL, DRY, FAN and HEAT to check whether the operation is normal or not.

• If the ambient temperature is lower than 16° C, the air conditioner Can't start cooling.

9. Maintenance

9.1 Malfunction Display of Indoor Unit

1. Malfunction display requirement

When there are several malfunctions, they will be displayed circularly.

2. Malfunction display method

(1) Hardware malfunction: immediate display; refer to "malfunction display table";

(2) Operation state: immediate display; refer to "malfunction display table";

(3) Other malfunctions: it is displayed after the compressor stops for 200s; refer to "malfunction display table".

Note: when the compressor is restarted, the malfunction display delay time (200s) is cleared.

(4) When the unit is under limit frequency or frequency drop state, the display can be controlled via remote controller.

3. Display control via remote controller

Enter display control: press light button successively for 6 times within 3s to display the corresponding malfunction code;

Exit display control: pressing light button successively for 6 times within 3s or after display is shown for 5min, the display will terminate. **Display under test state**

Dual 8 nixie tube display: minimum cooling (heating)-P0; middle cooling (heating)-P3

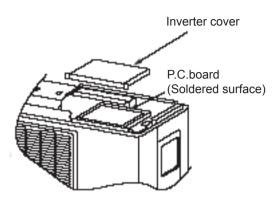
Nominal cooling (heating) -P1; maximum cooling (heating) -P2;

•Error Code List

Malfunction Name	Dual-8 Nixie Tube
Malfunction of jumper cap	C5
No feedback from indoor units motor	H6
Circuit malfunction of zero crossing detection	U8
Indoor ambient temperature sensor is open/short-circuited	F1
Indoor evaporator temperature sensor is open/short-circuited	F2
Module temperature sensor is open/short-circuited	P7
Outdoor ambient temperature sensor is open/short-circuited	F3
Outdoor condenser tube temperature sensor is open/short-circuited	F4
Outdoor discharge temperature sensor is open/short-circuited	F5
Communication malfunction between indoor and outdoor units	E6
Malfunction of phase current circuit detection for compressor	U1
Module temperature protection	P8
Charging malfunction of capacitor	PU
Overload protection of compressor	H3
Freon recovery mode	Fo
Failure start-up of compressor	LC
Discharge high-temperature protection of compressor	E4
Overload protection	E8
Overcurrent protection of the complete unit	E5
Overcurrent protection of phase current	P5
Desynchronizing of compressor	H7
Module current protection (IPM protection)	H5
Low voltage protection of DC bus bar	PL
High voltage protection of DC bus bar	PH
Limit/decrease frequency due to current protection of the complete unit	F8
Limit/decrease frequency due to module current protection (phase current)	En
Limit/decrease frequency due to discharge	F9
Limit/decrease frequency due to freeze protection	FH
Limit/decrease frequency due to overload	F6
Limit/decrease frequency due to module temperature protection	EU
Cold air prevention protection	E9
Freeze protection	E2
Gathering refrigerant	Fo
Malfunction of ODU DC fan	L3
In defect of refrigerant	F0
Malfunction of detecting plate(WIFI)	JF
PFC protection	HC
Anti-freezing protection for evaporator	E2
Cold air prevention protection	E9
Refrigerant recovery mode	Fo
Undefined outdoor unit error	oE
Heating indicator off for 0.5s and then blinks for 10s	Defrosting

Note: Please refer to service manual for the troubleshooting procedure for outdoor unit.

•Discharging method (1) remove the inverter cover(Outdoor Unit)



(2)As shown below, connect the discharge resistance (approx.100 Ω 20W) or plug of the sold ering iron to voltage between + - terminals of the electrolytic capacitor on PC Board for 30s, and then performed is charging.

NOTE:

A large-capacity electrolytic capacitor is used in the outdoor unit controller(inverter). Therefore, if the power supply is turned off, charge(charging voltage DC280V to 380V) remains and disc harging takes a lot of time.. After turning off the power source, if touching the charging section before discharging, an electrical shock may be caused. Discharge the electrol ytic capacitor completely by using soldering iron, etc.

9.2 Procedure of Troubleshooting

Indoor unit

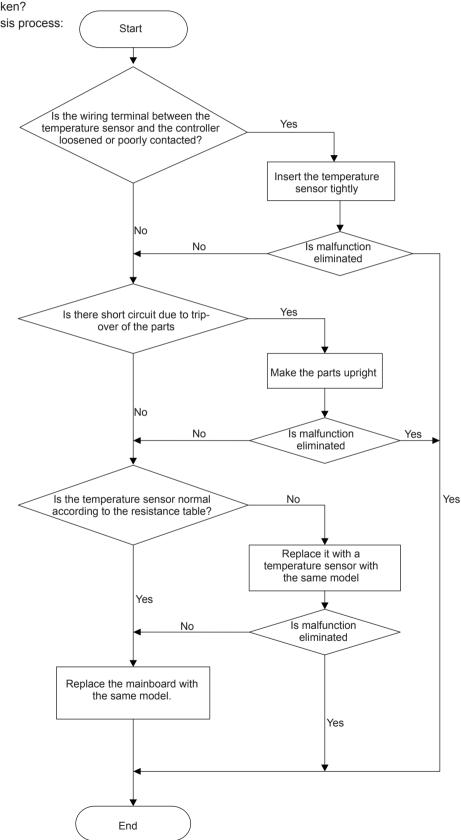
(1) Malfunction of Temperature Sensor F1, F2

Main detection points:

- Is the wiring terminal between the temperature sensor and the controller loosened or poorly contacted?
- Is there short circuit due to trip-over of the parts?

. . .

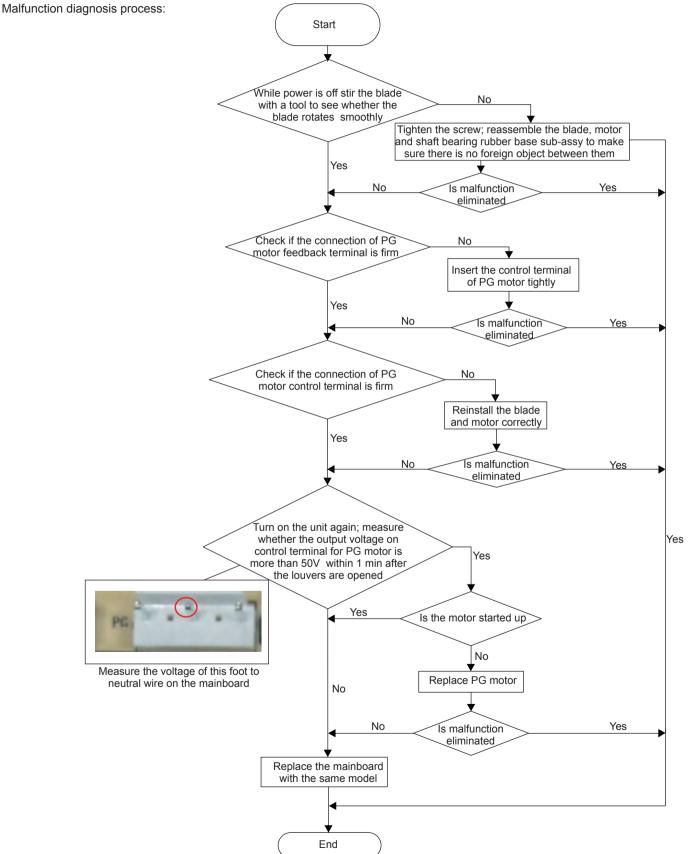
- Is the temperature sensor broken?
- Is mainboard broken?
- Malfunction diagnosis process:



(2) Malfunction of Blocked Protection of IDU Fan Motor H6 Main detection points:

- SmoothlyIs the control terminal of PG motor connected tightly? • SmoothlyIs the feedback interface of PG motor connected tightly?
- The fan motor Can't operate?
- The motor is broken?

• Detectioncircuit of the mainboard is defined abnormal?



.

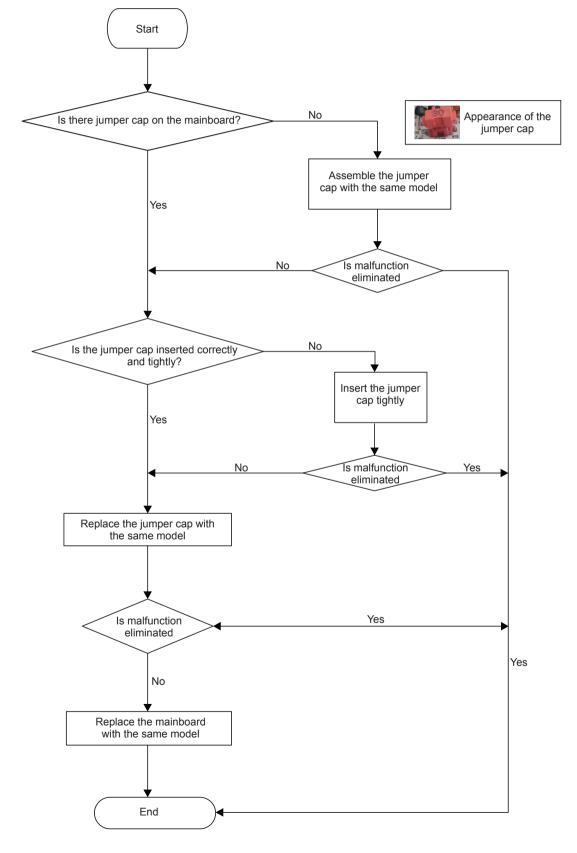
(3) Malfunction of Protection of Jumper Cap C5

Main detection points:

- Is there jumper cap on the mainboard?
- Is the jumper cap inserted correctly and tightly?

•

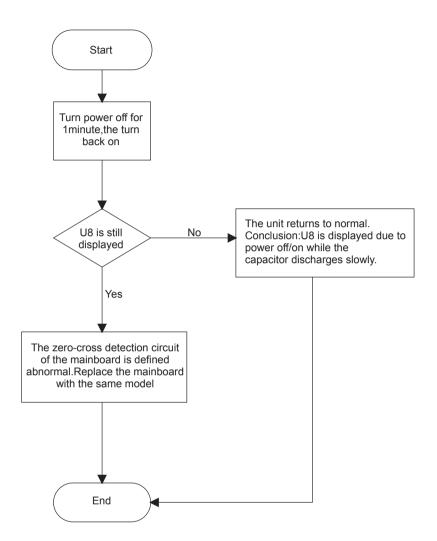
- The jumper is broken?
- The motor is broken?
- Detection circuit of the mainboard is defined abnormal?
- Malfunction diagnosis process:



(4) Malfunction of Zero-crossing Inspection Circuit Malfunction of the IDU Fan Motor U8 Main detection points:

- Instant energization afte de-energization while the capacitordischarges slowly?
- The zero-cross detectioncircuit of the mainboard is defined abnormal?

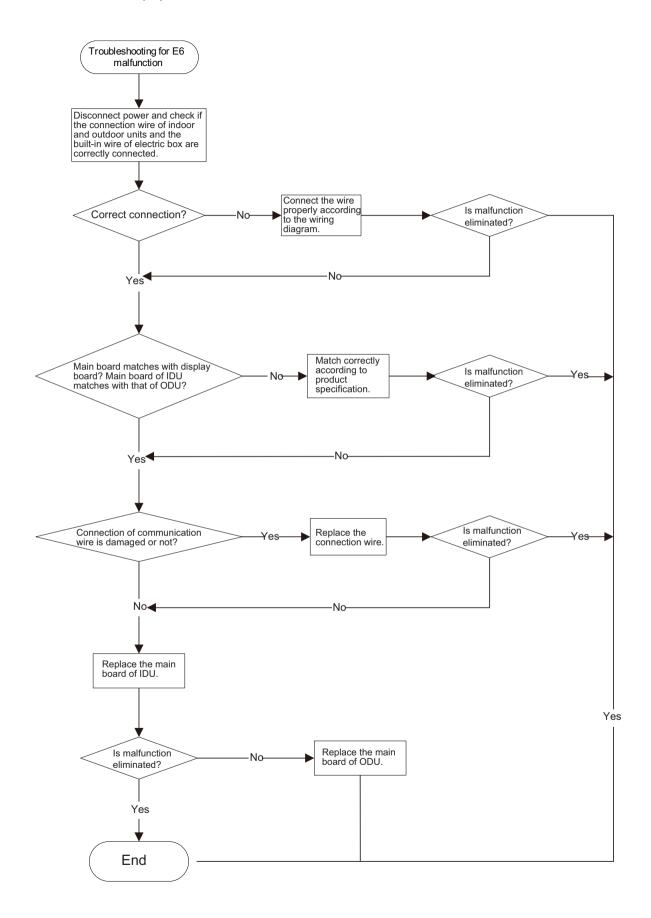
Malfunction diagnosis process:



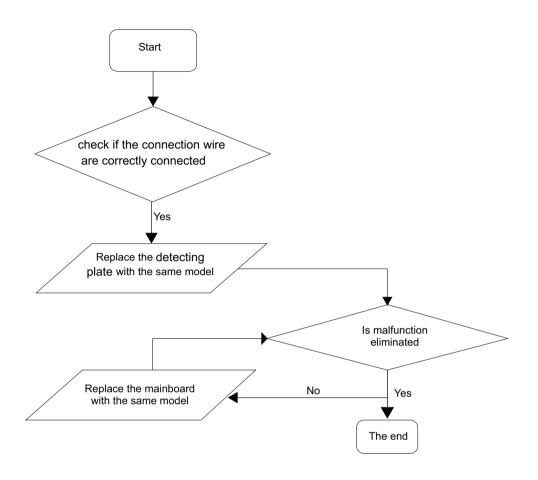
 $\bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet$

(5) Communication malfunction (E6)

. . .

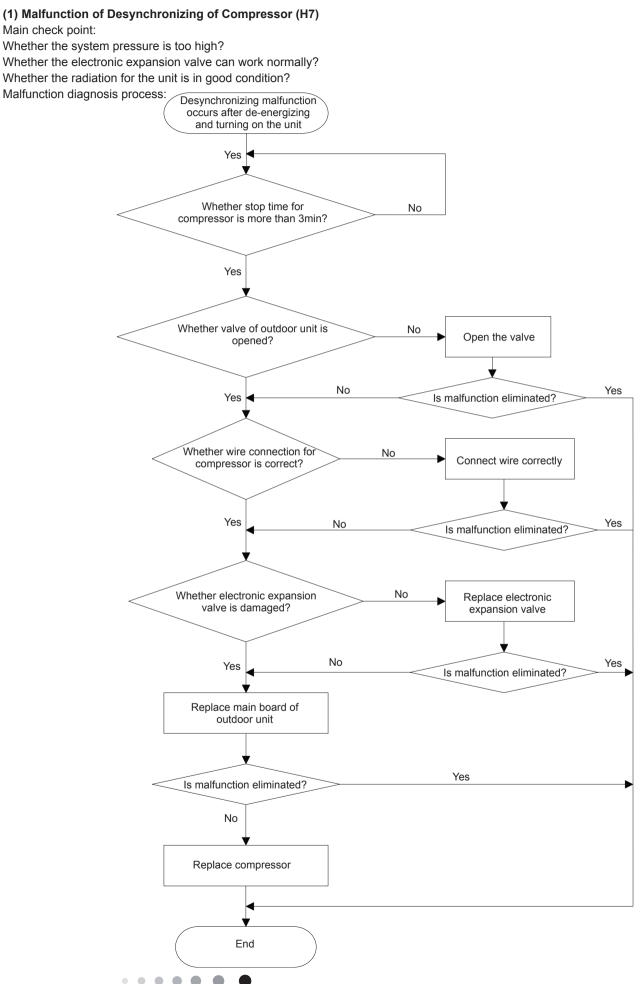


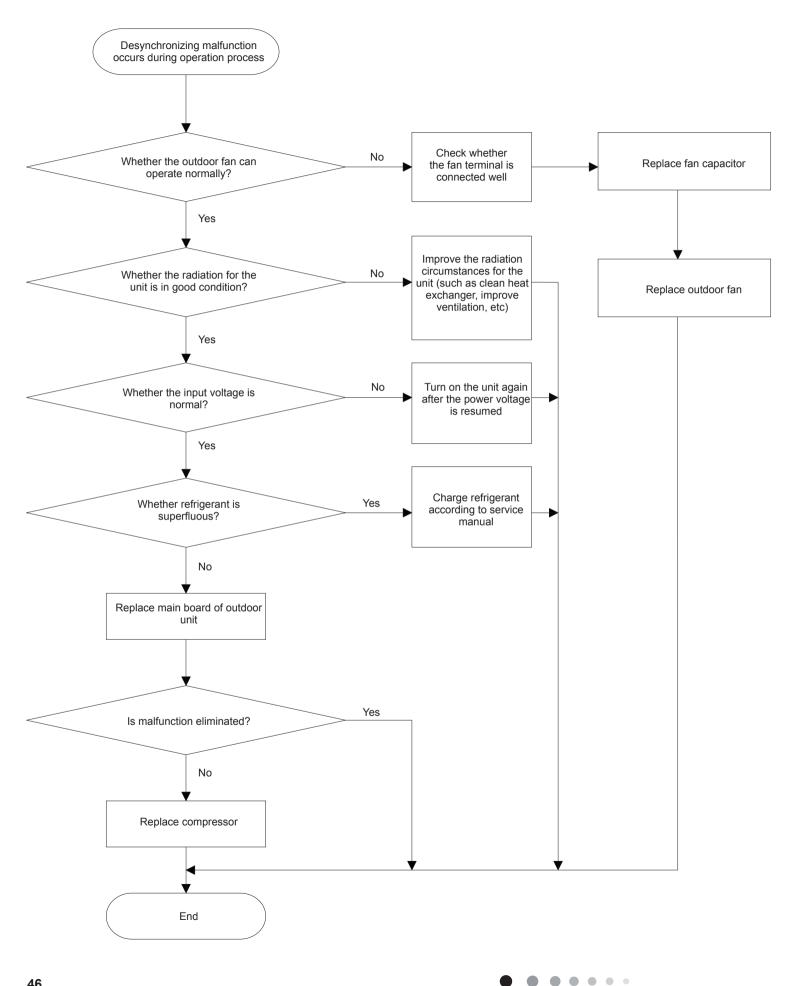
(6) Malfunction of detecting plate(WIFI) JF



 $\bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet$

Outdoot Unit

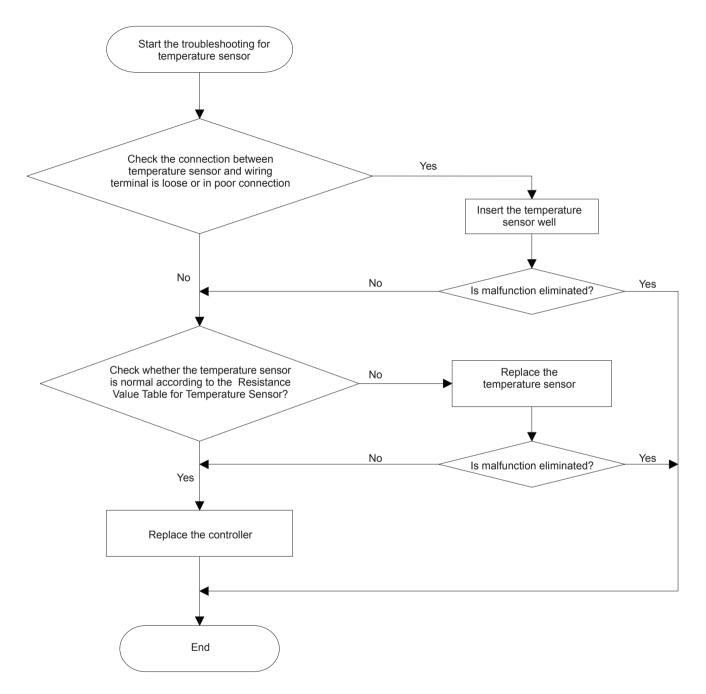




(2) Malfunction of Temperature Sensor (F3/F4/F5)

. . .

Main check point: Whether the temperature sensor is damaged? Whether the terminal of temperature sensor is loose or not connected? Whether the main board is damaged? Malfunction diagnosis process:





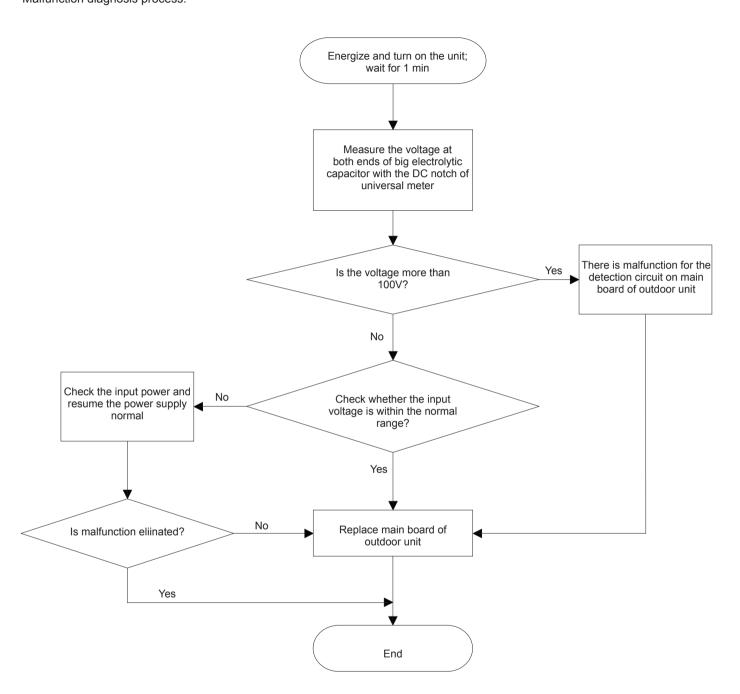
Remark:

Detection method for electronic expansion valve: There are 5 wires for the coil of electronic expansion valve and one of them are common port (the left or the right wire) .The resistance for other terminals are all most the same (about 100Ω). You can measure those resistance values to judge whether the electronic expansion valve is damaged or not.

(4) Charging Malfunction of Capacitor (PU)

. . . .

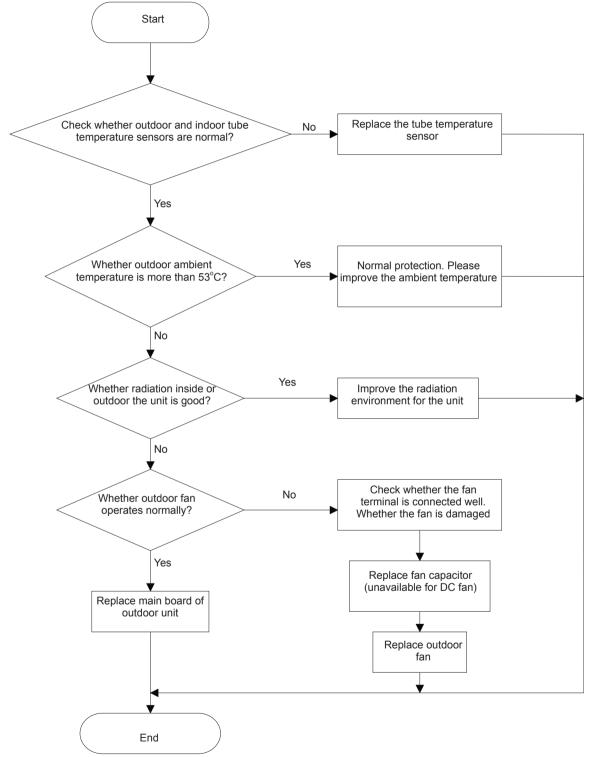
Main check point: Whether input power is normal? Main board is damaged. Malfunction diagnosis process:



(5) Malfunction of Overload Protection (E8)

Main check point:

Whether the tube temperature sensor is normal? Whether the outdoor ambient temperature is within the normal range? Whether indoor fan and outdoor fan can operate normally? Whether radiation environment inside or outside the unit is good? Malfunction diagnosis process:



Remark:

When overload protection occurs under cooling mode, its because the main board detected the outdoor tube temperature sensor exceeds limited temperature and then the unit stops operation. Please check outdoor tube temperature sensor; When overload protection occurs under heating mode, its because the main board detected the indoor tube temperature sensor exceeds limited temperature and then the unit stops operation. Please check indoor tube temperature sensor;

(6) Malfunction of IPM Protection (H5)

Main check point:

Whether input voltage is within the normal range?

Whether wires of compressor are connected reliably, tightly or correctly?

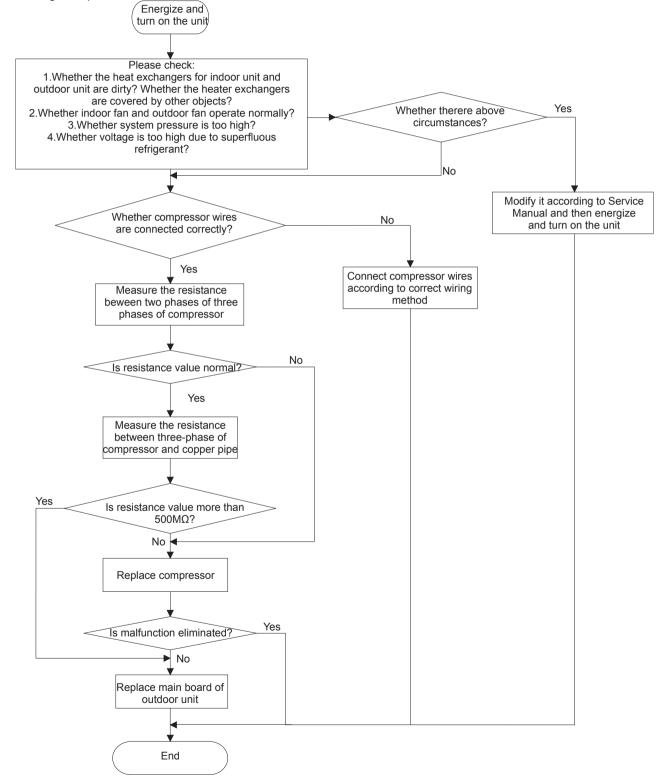
Whether the resistance of compressor coil is normal? Whether the insulation between compressor coil and copper pipe is in good condition?

Whether the unit is overloading? Whether the radiation for the unit is in good condition?

Whether the volume of charged refrigerant is proper?

• •

Malfunction diagnosis process:

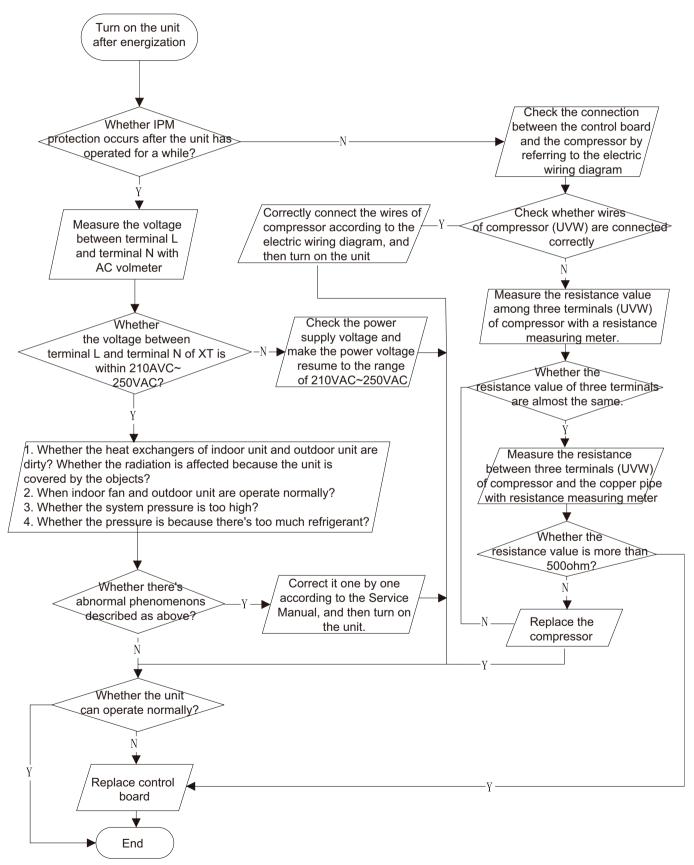


7.IPM protection, phase current overcurrent (the control board as below indicates the control board of outdoor unit) H5/P5

Mainly detect:

- (1) Compressor COMP terminal (2) voltage of power supply (3) compressor
- (4) Refrigerant-charging volume (5) air outlet and air inlet of outdoor/indoor unit

Troubleshooting:

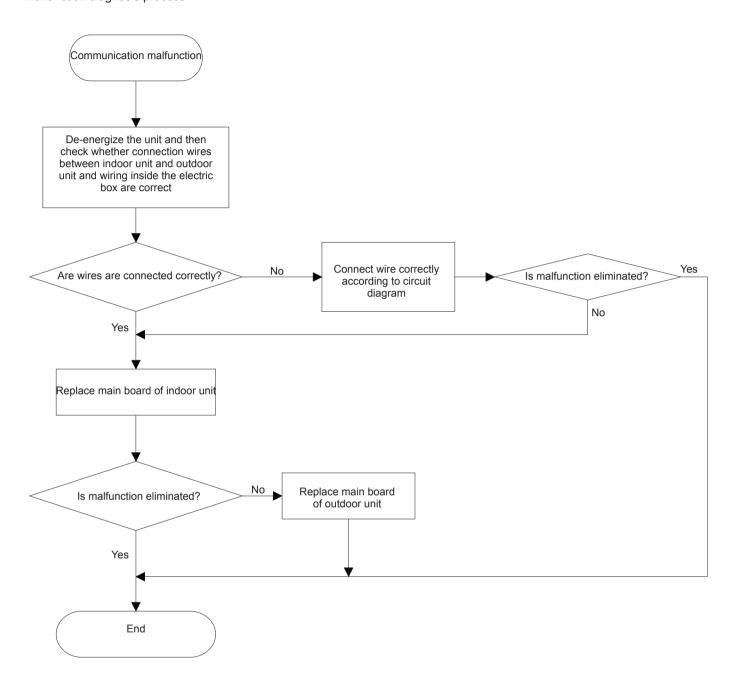


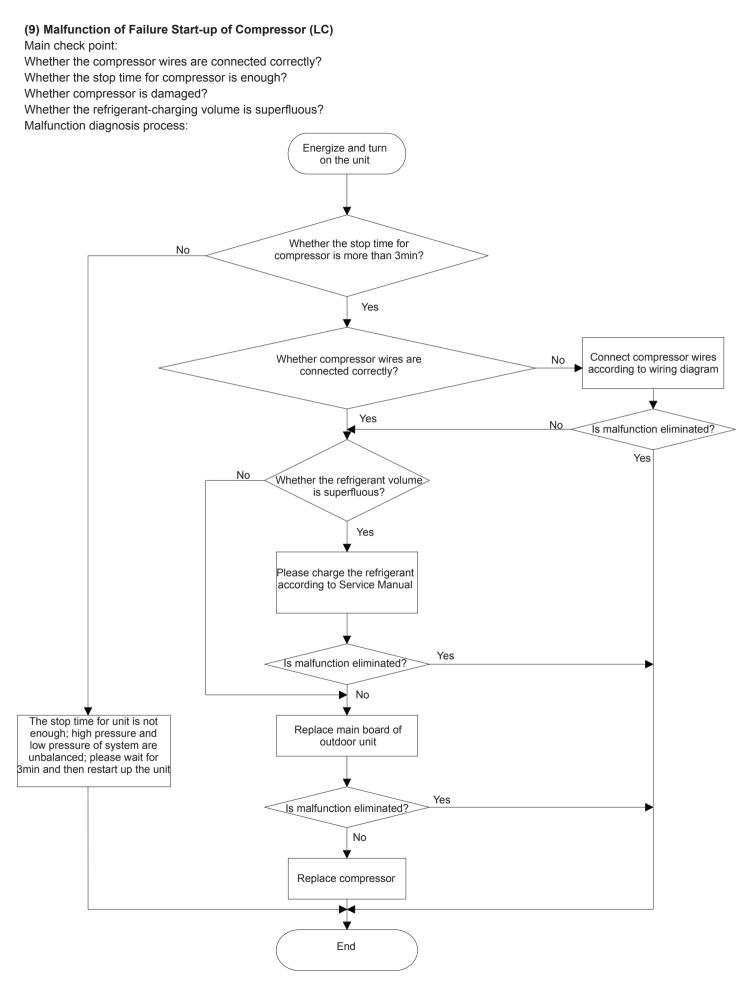
(8) Malfunction of Communication (E6)

. . . .

Main check point:

Check whether connection wires between indoor unit and outdoor unit and wiring inside the unit are connected well? Check the main board of indoor unit or main board of outdoor unit is damaged? Malfunction diagnosis process:





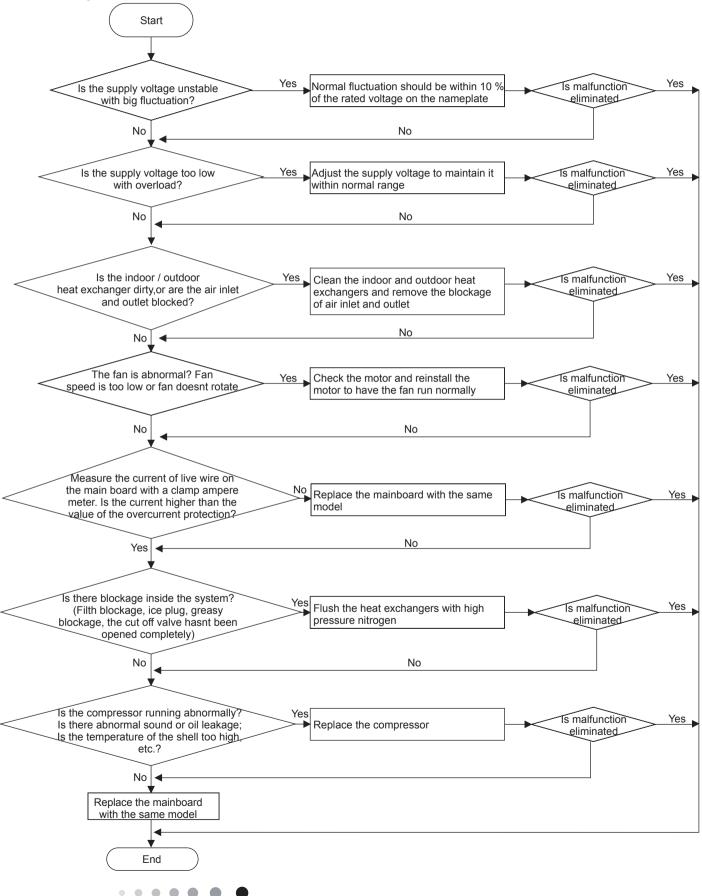
. . .

(10) Malfunction of Overcurrent Protection E5

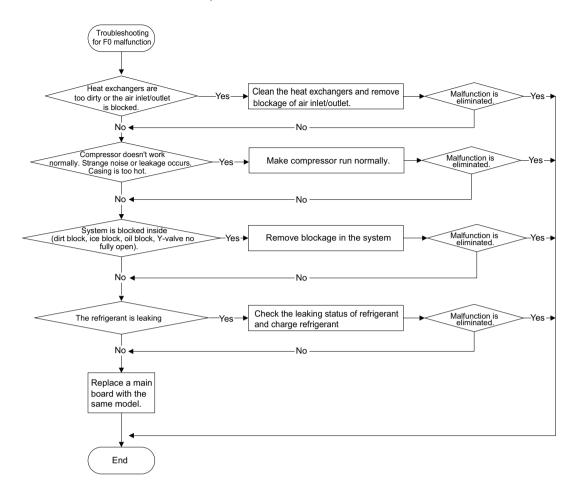
Main detection points:

- Is the supply voltage unstable with big fluctuation?
- Is the supply voltage too low with overload?
- Hardware trouble?

Malfunction diagnosis process:



(11) Malfunction of Insufficient fluorine protection F0



 $\bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet$

(12) Other Malfunction

1.IPM module temperature sensor is open-circuited (P7)

Hardware of main board is damaged. Please replace main board.

2. Overheating protection of IPM module (P8)

- ① Poor radiation because the module radiator is dirty;
- ② IPM module is damaged;
- ③ Malfunction of outdoor fan, etc;

3.Detection circuit malfunctions of phase-current of compressor (U1)

Hardware of main board is damaged. Please replace main board.

4.DC busbar voltage is too high (PH)

- ① Input voltage is too high or unstable;
- 2 Hardware of main board is damaged;

5.DC busbar voltage is too low (PL)

- ① Input voltage is too low or unstable;
- 2 Hardware of main board is damaged;

6.Malfunction of ODU DC fan (L3)

(1) The wire terminal of outdoor fan motor is loosed, fix the terminal.

.

- 2 Motor damaged, replace the motor.
- ③ Fan motor module on mainboard is damaged, replace the main board AP1

9.3 Troubleshooting for Normal Malfunction

1. Air Conditioner Can't be Started Up

Possible Causes	Discriminating Method (Air conditioner Status)	Troubleshooting
	After energization, operation indicator isnt bright	Confirm whether its due to power failure. If yes, wait for power recovery. If not, check power supply circuit and make sure the power plug is connected well.
Wrong wire connection between indoor unit and outdoor unit, or poor connection for wiring terminals	operation indicator isnt bright after energization	Check the circuit according to circuit diagram and connect wires correctly. Make sure all wiring terminals are connected firmly
Electric leakage for air conditioner After energization, room circuit breaker trips off at once		Make sure the air conditioner is grounded reliably Make sure wires of air conditioner is connected correctly Check the wiring inside air conditioner. Check whether the insulation layer of power cord is damaged; if yes, place the power cord.
Model selection for air switch is After energization, air switch trips off		Select proper air switch
After energization, operation indicator is bright, Malfunction of remote controller have no action.		Replace batteries for remote controller Repair or replace remote controller

2. Poor Cooling (Heating) for Air Conditioner

Possible Causes Discriminating Method (Air conditioner Status)		Troubleshooting	
Set temperature is improper	Observe the set temperature on remote controller	Adjust the set temperature	
Rotation speed of the IDU fan motor is set too low	Small wind blow	Set the fan speed at high or medium	
Filter of indoor unit is blocked	Check the filter to see its blocked	Clean the filter	
Installation position for indoor unit and outdoor unit is improper	Check whether the installation postion is proper according to installation requirement for air conditioner	Adjust the installation position, and install the rainproof and sunproof for outdoor unit	
Refrigerant is leaking	Discharged air temperature during cooling is higher than normal discharged wind temperature; Discharged air temperature during heating is lower than normal discharged wind temperature; Units pressure is much lower than regulated range	Find out the leakage causes and deal with it. Add refrigerant.	
Malfunction of 4-way valve	Blow cold wind during heating	Replace the 4-way valve	
Malfunction of capillary	Discharged air temperature during cooling is higher than normal discharged wind temperature; Discharged air temperature during heating is lower than normal discharged wind temperature; Unitt pressure is much lower than regulated range. If refrigerant isnt leaking, part of capillary is blocked	Replace the capillary	
Flow volume of valve is insufficient	The pressure of valves is much lower than that stated in the specification	Open the valve completely	
Malfunction of horizontal louver	Horizontal louver Can't swing	Refer to point 3 of maintenance method for details	
Malfunction of the IDU fan motor	The IDU fan motor Can't operate	Refer to troubleshooting for H6 for maintenance method in details	
Malfunction of the ODU fan motor	The ODU fan motor Can't operate	Refer to point 4 of maintenance method for details	
Malfunction of compressor	Compressor Can't operate	Refer to point 5 of maintenance method for details	

3. Horizontal Louver Can't Swing

	-	
Possible Causes	Discriminating Method (Air conditioner Status)	Troubleshooting
	diagram	Connect wires according to wiring diagram to make sure all wiring terminals are connected firmly
Stepping motor is damaged	Stepping motor Can't operate	Repair or replace stepping motor
Main board is damaged	Others are all normal, while horizontal louver Can't operate	Replace the main board with the same model

 $\bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet$

4. ODU Fan Motor Can't Operate

Possible causes	Discriminating method (air conditioner status)	Troubleshooting
Wrong wire connection, or poor connection	diagram	Connect wires according to wiring diagram to make sure all wiring terminals are connected firmly
Capacity of the ODU fan motor is damaged	Measure the capacity of fan capacitor with an universal meter and find that the capacity is out of the deviation range indicated on the nameplate of fan capacitor.	
Power voltage is a little low or high	Use universal meter to measure the power supply voltage. The voltage is a little high or low	Suggest to equip with voltage regulator
Motor of outdoor unit is damaged		Change compressor oil and refrigerant. If no better, replace the compressor with a new one

5. Compressor Can't Operate

Possible causes	Discriminating method (air conditioner status)	Troubleshooting
	diagram	Connect wires according to wiring diagram to make sure all wiring terminals are connected firmly
Capacity of compressor is damaged	Measure the capacity of fan capacitor with an universal meter and find that the capacity is out of the deviation range indicated on the nameplate of fan capacitor.	
Power voltage is a little low or high	Use universal meter to measure the power supply voltage. The voltage is a little high or low	Suggest to equip with voltage regulator
Coll of compressor is burnt out	Use universal meter to measure the resistance between compressor terminals and its 0	Repair or replace compressor
Cylinder of compressor is blockedCompressor Can't operate		Repair or replace compressor

6. Air Conditioner is Leaking

Possible causes	Discriminating method (air conditioner status)	Troubleshooting
Drain pipe is blocked Water leaking from indoor unit		Eliminate the foreign objects inside the drain
		pipe
Drain pipe is broken	Water leaking from drain pipe	Replace drain pipe
Wrapping is not tight	Water leaking from the pipe connection place of indoor unit	Wrap it again and bundle it tightly

7. Abnormal Sound and Vibration

Possible causes	Discriminating method (air conditioner status)	Troubleshooting
When turn on or turn off the unit, the panel and other parts will expand and theres abnormal sound	Theres the sound of "PAPA"	Normal phenomenon. Abnormal sound will disappear after a few minutes.
When turn on or turn off the unit, theres abnormal sound due to flow of refrigerant inside air conditioner	Water-running sound can be heard	Normal phenomenon. Abnormal sound will disappear after a few minutes.
Foreign objects inside the indoor unit or therere parts touching together inside the indoor unit	Theres abnormal sound fro indoor unit	Remove foreign objects. Adjust all parts position of indoor unit, tighten screws and stick damping plaster between connected parts
Foreign objects inside the outdoor unit or therere parts touching together inside the outdoor unit	Theres abnormal sound fro outdoor unit	Remove foreign objects. Adjust all parts position of outdoor unit, tighten screws and stick damping plaster between connected parts
Short circuit inside the magnetic coil	During heating, the way valve has abnormal electromagnetic sound	Replace magnetic coil
Abnormal shake of compressor	Outdoor unit gives out abnormal sound	Adjust the support foot mat of compressor, tighten the bolts
Abnormal sound inside the compressor	Abnormal sound inside the compressor	If add too much refrigerant during maintenance, please reduce refrigerant properly. Replace compressor for other circumstances.

11. Removal Procedure

11.1 Removal Procedure of Indoor Unit

.



(1) Caution: discharge the refrigerant completely before removal.

Step	Procedure	
1.Remo	ove fifter assy	
	Open the front panel. Push the left and rightfilters to make them break away from thegroove on the front case. Then remove the leftand right filters one by one.	Front panel Left filter Groove Right filter case
2.Remo	ove horizontal louver	
	Push out the axile bush on horizontal louver, Bend the horizontal louver with hand and then separate the horizontal louver from the crank shaft of step motor to remove it.	Horizontal louver
3.Remo	ove panel and display	A1display
	Separate the panel rotation shaft from the groove fixing the front panel and then removes the front panel. Screw off the 2 screws that are locking the display board.	Front panel Front panel Panel rotation Groove

Step	Procedure	
4.Rem	ove electric box cover 2 Remove the screws on the electric box cover 2 and detecting plate(WIFI), then remove the electric box cover 2 and detecting plate(WIFI). Note:The position of detection board(WIFI) may be different for different models.	Electric box cover Electric box cover Electric box cover Detecting plate(WIFI)
5.Remo	ve front case sub-assy Remove the screws fixing front case. Note: ① Open the screw caps before removing the screws arround the air outlet. ② The quantity of screws fixing the front case sub-assy is different for different	Screws Front case sub-assy
b	models. Loosen the connection clasps between front case sub-assy and bottom case. Lift up the front case sub-assy and take it out.	Screw Caps
6.Rem	ove display Screw off the 2 screws that are locking the display board.	Screws

Step	Pro	ocedure
7.Remo	ve vertical louver	Vertical louver
а	Loosen the connection clasps between vertical louver and bottom case to remove vertion louver.	Bottom case
b	Screw off the screws that are locking the swing motor and take the motor off.	Screws Clasps
8.Remo	ve electric box assy	
а	Loosen the connection clasps between shield cover of electric box sub-assy and electric box,and then remove the shield cover of electric box sub-assy. Remove the screw fixing electric box assy.	Shield cover of electric box sub-assy
b	 Cut off the wire binder and pull out the indoor tube temperature sensor. Screw off one grounding screw. Remove the wiring terminals of motor and stepping motor. Remove the electric box assy. Screw off the screws thar are locking each lead wire. 	Indoor tube temperatures sensor Cleartic box assy Ain board Ain board Crowning Wire binder Wire binder Coreation </th

.

Step	Procedure	
С	Rotate the electric box assy. Twist offthe screwsthat are locking the wire clip and loosen the power cord. Remove the wiring terminal of power cord. Lift up the main board and take it off. Instruction:Some wiring terminal of this products is with lock catch and other	Power cord Wire clip
	 devices. The pulling method is as below: ① Remove the soft sheath for some terminals at first, hold the circlip and then pull out the terminals, ② Pull out the holder for some terminals at first(holder is not available for some wiring terminal).hold the connector and then pull the terminal. 	Circlip Holder Soft sheath Connector
9.Remo	ove evaporator assy	Screws Evaporator assy
а	Remove 3 screws fixing evaporator assy.	
b	At the back of the unit, remove the screw fixing connection pipe clamp and then remove the connection pipe clamp.	Connection pipe clamp Screw
С	First remove the left side of evaporator from the groove on the rear case assy. Then remove the right side from the clasp on the rear case assy.	Groove Rear case assy Evaporator assy

Step	Proc	cedure
d	Adjust the position of conncetion pipe on evaporator up wards to remove it.	Connection pipe
10.Rem	nove motor and cross flow blade	
а	Remove the screws fixing motor clamp and then remove the motor clamp.	Screws Screws Motor clamp
b	 Remove the screws at the connection place of cross flow blade and motor; lift the motor and cross flow blade upwards to remove them. Remove the bearing holder sub-assy. Remove the screw fixing step motor and then remove the step motor. 	Holder sub-assy

.

11.2 Removal Procedure of Outdoor Unit

Warning: Be sure to wait for a minimum of 20 minutes after turning off all power supplies and discharge the refrigerant completely before removal.

AW-YHDL024-H91

Steps	Pro	ocedure
1. Remo	ve top panel	
а	Twist off the screws used for fixing the handle and valve cover, pull the handle and valve cover up ward to remove it.	handle
b	Remove the 3 screws connecting the top panel with the front panel and the right side plate, and then remove the top panel.	top panel
2. Remo	ve grille , panel and rear grill	
a	Remove the 2 screws connecting the grille and the panel, and then remove the grille.	top panel

Steps	Procee	dure
b	Remove the screws connecting the outer case with motor support, isolation plate and chassis; lift the outer case upwards; loosen the clasps of outer case with right side plate and left side plate, and then remove the outer case.	outer case
3. Rem	ove right&left side plate	
а	Remove the screws connecting the right side plate with electric box assy, valve support, chassis and condenser side plate, and then remove the right side plate.	ight side plate
Ь	Remove the screws connecting the left side plate with chassis, and then remove the left side plate.	

.

Steps	Proced	dure
4. Rem	ove axial flow blade	
а	Remove the nut fixing axial flow blade and then remove the blade.	axial flow fan
b	Remove the 6 screws fixing the motor and then remove the motor. Remove the 2 screws connecting the motor support and chassis, and then loosen the stopper to remove the motor support.	motor support
5. Rem	ove electric box	
	Remove the screws fixing the electric box sub-assy; loosen the wire bundle; pull out the wiring terminals and then pull the electric box upwards to remove it.	electric box

 $\bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet$

Steps P	rocedure
6. Remove the soundproof sponge Tear off the sticking stripe and then remove the soundproof sponge.	
7. Remove isolation plate Remove the 2 screws connecting the isolation p and condenser side plate; remove the 3 screws connecting the isolation plate and chassis, and remove the isolation plate.	
 8. Remove 4-way valve assy and electronic expansion valve assy Unsolder the welding joints connecting electron expansion valve assy the 4-way valve assy with capillary sub-assy, compressor and condenser; remove the electronic expansion valve assy a 4-way valve. Note: Before unsoldering the welding joint, wrap the 4 valve with a wet cloth completely to avoid dama the valve caused by high temperature. 	th and -way

.

Steps	Proce	dure
9. Rem	ove compressor	
	Remove the 3 foot nuts fixing compressor and then lift the compressor upwards to remove the compressor and damping cushion. Note: Keep the ports of discharge pipe and suction pipe from foreign objects.	compressor
10. Rei	nove condenser sub-assy	
а	Remove the screws connecting the support (condenser) and condenser assy,and then remove the support(condenser).	support
b	Remove the 2 screws fixing the condenser and chassis, and then lift the condenser upwards to remove it.	condenser sub-assy chassis subassy

 $\bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet$

Appendix:

Appendix 1: Reference Sheet of Celsius and Fahrenheit

Conversion formula for Fahrenheit degree and Celsius degree: Tf=Tcx1.8+32

Set temperature

-								
Fahrenheit display temperature (°F)	Fahrenheit (°F)	Celsius(°C)	Fahrenheit display temperature (°F)	Fahrenheit (°F)	Celsius(°C)	Fahrenheit display temperature (°F)	Fahrenheit (°F)	Celsius(°C)
61	60.8	16	69/70	69.8	21	78/79	78.8	26
62/63	62.6	17	71/72	71.6	22	80/81	80.6	27
64/65	64.4	18	73/74	73.4	23	82/83	82.4	28
66/67	66.2	19	75/76	75.2	24	84/85	84.2	29
68	68	20	77	77	25	86	86	30

Ambient temperature

Fahrenheit display temperature (°F)	Fahrenheit (°F)	Celsius(°C)	Fahrenheit display temperature (°F)	Fahrenheit (°F)	Celsius(°C)	Fahrenheit display temperature (°F)	Fahrenheit (°F)	Celsius(°C)
32/33	32	0	55/56	55.4	13	79/80	78.8	26
34/35	33.8	1	57/58	57.2	14	81	80.6	27
36	35.6	2	59/60	59	15	82/83	82.4	28
37/38	37.4	3	61/62	60.8	16	84/85	84.2	29
39/40	39.2	4	63	62.6	17	86/87	86	30
41/42	41	5	64/65	64.4	18	88/89	87.8	31
43/44	42.8	6	66/67	66.2	19	90	89.6	32
45	44.6	7	68/69	68	20	91/92	91.4	33
46/47	46.4	8	70/71	69.8	21	93/94	93.2	34
48/49	48.2	9	72	71.6	22	95/96	95	35
50/51	50	10	73/74	73.4	23	97/98	96.8	36
52/53	51.8	11	75/76	75.2	24	99	98.6	37
54	53.6	12	77/78	77	25			

Appendix 2: Configuration of Connection Pipe

1.Standard length of connection pipe (More details please refer to the specifications)

2. Min length of connection pipeFor the unit with standard connection pipe of 5m, there is no limitation for themin length of connection pipe. For the unit with standard connection pipe of 7.5m and 8m, the min length of connection pipe is 3m.

 $\label{eq:main_state} 3. Max \ \text{length of connection pipe} \ \ (\text{More details please refer to the specifications})$

4. The additional refrigerant oil and refrigerant charging required after prolonging connection pipe

• After the length of connection pipe is prolonged for 10m at the basis of standard length, you should add 5ml of refrigerant oil for each additional 5m of connection pipe.

• The calculation method of additional refrigerant charging amount (on the basis of liquid pipe):

• Basing on the length of standard pipe, add refrigerant according to the requirement as shown in the table. The additional refrigerant charging amount per meter is different according to the diameter of liquid pipe. See Sheet 2.

• Additional refrigerant charging amount = prolonged length of liquid pipe X additional refrigerant charging amount per meter

Additional refrigerant charging amount for R32										
Diameter of con	nection pipe	Indoor unit throttl	Indoor unit throttl Outdoor unit throttle							
Liquid pipe Gas pipe		Cooling only,cooling and heating(g / m)	Cooling only(g / m)	Cooling and heating(g / m)						
Φ6	Φ6 Φ9.5 or Φ12		12	16						
Φ6 or Φ9.5	Φ16 or Φ19	40	12	40						
Φ12	Ф19 or Ф22.2	80	24	96						
Φ16	Ф25.4 or Ф31.8	136	48	96						
Φ19	Ф19 /		200	200						
Φ22.2	Φ22.2 /		280	280						

Note: The additional refrigerant charging amount in Sheet 2 is recommended value, not compulsory.

Appendix 3: Pipe Expanding Method

▲ Note:

Improper pipe expanding is the main cause of refrigerant leakage.Please expand the pipe according to the following steps:

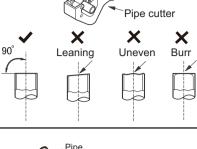
A:Cut the pip

- Confirm the pipe length according to the distance of indoor unit and outdoor unit.
- Cut the required pipe with pipe cutter.

B:Remove the burrs

• Remove the burrs with shaper and prevent the burrs from getting into the pipe.

C:Put on suitable insulating pipe

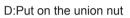




Union pipe

Pipe

Pipe



• Remove the union nut on the indoor connection pipe and outdoor valve; install the union nut on the pipe.

E:Expand the port

• Expand the port with expander.

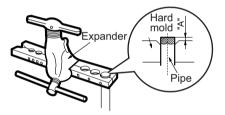
▲ Note:

• "A" is different according to the diameter, please refer to the sheet below:

Outor diamotor(mm)	A(mm)				
Outer diameter(mm)	Max	Min			
Φ6 - 6.35 (1/4")	1.3	0.7			
Φ9.52 (3/8")	1.6	1.0			
Φ12 - 12.70 (1/2")	1.8	1.0			
Φ16 - 15.88 (5/8")	2.4	2.2			

F:Inspection

• Check the quality of expanding port. If there is any blemish, expand the port again according to the steps above.



Smooth surface Improper expanding Leaning damaged crack uneven surface The length is equal

Appendix 4: List of Resistance for Temperature Sensor

Resistance Table of Ambient Temperature Sensor for Indoor and Outdoor (15K)

.

Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)	Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)	Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)	Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)
-19	138.1	20	18.75	59	3.848	98	1.071
-18	128.6	21	17.93	60	3.711	99	1.039
-17	121.6	22	17.14	61	3.579	100	1.009
-16	115	23	16.39	62	3.454	101	0.98
-15	108.7	24	15.68	63	3.333	102	0.952
-14	102.9	25	15	64	3.217	103	0.925
-13	97.4	26	14.36	65	3.105	104	0.898
-12	92.22	27	13.74	66	2.998	105	0.873
-11	87.35	28	13.16	67	2.896	106	0.848
-10	82.75	29	12.6	68	2.797	107	0.825
-9	78.43	30	12.07	69	2.702	108	0.802
-8	74.35	31	11.57	70	2.611	109	0.779
-7	70.5	32	11.09	71	2.523	110	0.758
-6	66.88	33	10.63	72	2.439	111	0.737
-5	63.46	34	10.2	73	2.358	112	0.717
-4	60.23	35	9.779	74	2.28	113	0.697
-3	57.18	36	9.382	75	2.206	114	0.678
-2	54.31	37	9.003	76	2.133	115	0.66
-1	51.59	38	8.642	77	2.064	116	0.642
0	49.02	39	8.297	78	1.997	117	0.625
1	46.6	40	7.967	79	1.933	118	0.608
2	44.31	41	7.653	80	1.871	119	0.592
3	42.14	42	7.352	81	1.811	120	0.577
4	40.09	43	7.065	82	1.754	121	0.561
5	38.15	44	6.791	83	1.699	122	0.547
6	36.32	45	6.529	84	1.645	123	0.532
7	34.58	46	6.278	85	1.594	124	0.519
8	32.94	47	6.038	86	1.544	125	0.505
9	31.38	48	5.809	87	1.497	126	0.492
10	29.9	49	5.589	88	1.451	127	0.48
11	28.51	50	5.379	89	1.408	128	0.467
12	27.18	51	5.197	90	1.363	129	0.456
13	25.92	52	4.986	91	1.322	130	0.444
14	24.73	53	4.802	92	1.282	131	0.433
15	23.6	54	4.625	93	1.244	132	0.422
16	22.53	55	4.456	94	1.207	133	0.412
17	21.51	56	4.294	95	1.171	134	0.401
18	20.54	57	4.139	96	1.136	135	0.391
19	19.63	58	3.99	97	1.103	136	0.382

Resistance Table of Tube Temperature Sensors for Indoor and Outdoor (20K)

Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)	Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)	Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)	Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)
-19	181.4	20	25.01	59	5.13	98	1.427
-18	171.4	21	23.9	60	4.948	99	1.386
-17	162.1	22	22.85	61	4.773	100	1.346
-16	153.3	23	21.85	62	4.605	101	1.307
-15	145	24	20.9	63	4.443	102	1.269
-14	137.2	25	20	64	4.289	103	1.233
-13	129.9	26	19.14	65	4.14	104	1.198
-12	123	27	18.13	66	3.998	105	1.164
-11	116.5	28	17.55	67	3.861	106	1.131
-10	110.3	29	16.8	68	3.729	107	1.099
-9	104.6	30	16.1	69	3.603	108	1.069
-8	99.13	31	15.43	70	3.481	109	1.039
-7	94	32	14.79	71	3.364	 110	1.01
-6	89.17	33	14.18	72	3.252	111	0.983
-5	84.61	34	13.59	73	3.144	112	0.956
-4	80.31	35	13.04	74	3.04	113	0.93
-3	76.24	36	12.51	75	2.94	114	0.904
-2	72.41	37	12	76	2.844	115	0.88
-1	68.79	38	11.52	77	2.752	116	0.856
0	65.37	39	11.06	78	2.663	117	0.833
1	62.13	40	10.62	79	2.577	118	0.811
2	59.08	41	10.2	80	2.495	119	0.77
3	56.19	42	9.803	81	2.415	120	0.769
4	53.46	43	9.42	82	2.339	121	0.746
5	50.87	44	9.054	83	2.265	122	0.729
6	48.42	45	8.705	84	2.194	123	0.71
7	46.11	46	8.37	85	2.125	124	0.692
8	43.92	47	8.051	86	2.059	125	0.674
9	41.84	48	7.745	87	1.996	126	0.658
10	39.87	49	7.453	88	1.934	127	0.64
11	38.01	50	7.173	89	1.875	128	0.623
12	36.24	51	6.905	90	1.818	129	0.607
13	34.57	52	6.648	91	1.736	 130	0.592
14	32.98	53	6.403	92	1.71	 131	0.577
15	31.47	54	6.167	93	1.658	132	0.563
16	30.04	55	5.942	94	1.609	 133	0.549
17	28.68	56	5.726	95	1.561	 134	0.535
18	27.39	57	5.519	96	1.515	 135	0.521
19	26.17	58	5.32	97	1.47	136	0.509

Resistance Table of Discharge Temperature Sensor for Outdoor (50K)

 $\bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet$

Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)	Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)	Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)	Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)
-29	853.5	10	98	49	18.34	88	4.75
-28	799.8	11	93.42	50	17.65	89	4.61
-27	750	12	89.07	51	16.99	90	4.47
-26	703.8	13	84.95	52	16.36	91	4.33
-25	660.8	14	81.05	53	15.75	92	4.20
-24	620.8	15	77.35	54	15.17	93	4.08
-23	580.6	16	73.83	55	14.62	94	3.96
-22	548.9	17	70.5	56	14.09	95	3.84
-21	516.6	18	67.34	57	13.58	96	3.73
-20	486.5	19	64.33	58	13.09	97	3.62
-19	458.3	20	61.48	59	12.62	98	3.51
-18	432	21	58.77	60	12.17	99	3.41
-17	407.4	22	56.19	61	11.74	100	3.32
-16	384.5	23	53.74	62	11.32	101	3.22
-15	362.9	24	51.41	63	10.93	102	3.13
-14	342.8	25	49.19	64	10.54	103	3.04
-13	323.9	26	47.08	65	10.18	104	2.96
-12	306.2	27	45.07	66	9.83	105	2.87
-11	289.6	28	43.16	67	9.49	106	2.79
-10	274	29	41.34	68	9.17	107	2.72
-9	259.3	30	39.61	69	8.85	108	2.64
-8	245.6	31	37.96	70	8.56	109	2.57
-7	232.6	32	36.38	71	8.27	110	2.50
-6	220.5	33	34.88	72	7.99	111	2.43
-5	209	34	33.45	73	7.73	112	2.37
-4	198.3	35	32.09	74	7.47	113	2.30
-3	199.1	36	30.79	75	7.22	114	2.24
-2	178.5	37	29.54	76	7.00	115	2.18
-1	169.5	38	28.36	77	6.76	116	2.12
0	161	39	27.23	78	6.54	117	2.07
1	153	40	26.15	79	6.33	118	2.02
2	145.4	41	25.11	80	6.13	119	1.96
3	138.3	42	24.13	81	5.93	120	1.91
4	131.5	43	23.19	82	5.75	121	1.86
5	125.1	44	22.29	83	5.57	122	1.82
6	119.1	45	21.43	84	5.39	123	1.77
7	113.4	46	20.6	85	5.22	124	1.73
8	108	47	19.81	86	5.06	125	1.68
9	102.8	48	19.06	87	4.90	126	1.64



WARNING :

The design and specifications are subject to change without prior notice for product improvement. Consult with the sales agency or manufacturer for details.

ATTENTION :

Le design et les données techniques sont donnés à titre indicatif et peuvent être modifiés sans préavis.



20.AW.HDL.24.R32.SM.EN.06.03